# COLORADO COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION 

Consumer Guide

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## Information you can use:

## How to apply to College

When you have decided that you want to pursue higher education, familiarize yourself with the many steps involved in the application process. You may have only a vague notion of the kind of academic experience you wish to engage in the next few years, or may know exactly where you wish to apply. Regardless of where you fall along this range, you should begin to develop criteria for focusing upon a small set of colleges that best suits your needs.

In order to narrow your list, you should consider a number of factors. One is the prospect of career opportunities: if your career goals are formulated, it is wise to research various college majors and the jobs to which they can lead. Your preferred geographical location is also a key factor, as well as your area(s) of academic interest. While many colleges offer traditional liberal arts and science majors, many focus on one or more special fields of study. You should also match schools according to your GPA and SAT/ACT scores. Do this by selecting several colleges whose standards are very close to your numbers, several schools that are above, and several schools that fall below.

As you target schools, take advantage of the multiple resources available to you. Guidance counselors and teachers can offer general advice as well as recommendations. Parents can also be a valuable resource for counsel and assistance.

When applying for college and for financial aid, manage your deadlines effectively. This includes being aware of early decision versus standard deadlines. Early decision applications are typically due December 1, and can increase your chances of being accepted at that school. However, the process is contingent upon your accepting the college's offer if you are admitted. Don't apply via early decision unless you are certain you want to attend that school. Early action also can increase your chances of admission, but it is not binding. Even if you do not decide to apply early, expedience is your ally. The sooner you apply, the greater the chance that there will be a spot for you.

Colleges usually require an application form (online or physical, to be obtained from the school's website or campus), an application fee (see table on page 4), a high school transcript, SAT/ACT scores, one or more letters of recommendation, an essay and an interview on campus. Two-year colleges do not require many of the above. For certain types of programs, you may have to give an audition or present a portfolio. As a precaution, make photocopies of everything you submit.

There are three responses you may receive from a school. You can be unconditionally admitted, declined, or placed on the waiting list. The latter means that if the school has enough remaining spots once all those who were admitted have replied, it may offer you admission at a later date. Once you have received replies from all of the schools to which you applied, be prompt in responding. Declined offers from other schools can free spots for students on waiting Lists. The exception is if you are on the waiting list at your top choice. In that case, wait until you have received a final response.

For many students, financial aid is a necessary condition for attending college. Even if you do not anticipate needing financial aid, read our section on "How to Apply for Financial Aid." Financial aid applications, such as Free Application For Student Aid (FAFSA), should be submitted at the same time as your applications.
Timeliness is essential here as well.

## Open Admissions

Colorado public two-year colleges are considered open admissions, so they are open to all students regardless of previous academic experience. As a result, the application and admission processes at two-year schools differ from those at four-year institutions. A high school diploma (or GED equivalent) is not required, though some do encourage you to have one, nor is completion of a college preparatory program expected. Because everyone who applies is accepted, no academic factors are considered in the admission decision, but some two-year institutions do have applications deadlines when it comes to financial aid. So, if you want to be considered for financial assistance, you will need to plan ahead.

## Standardized Exams and High School GPA Used in the Admissions Process by Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities

Four-year public institutions in Colorado require that you submit either ACT or SAT I scores for use in their admission decision for degree-seeking applicants. Some schools will consider scores from SAT II if submitted but others do not. The first table below shows the percent of entering freshmen in fall 1999 at each institution with scores in each test range; the second presents the percent of freshmen whose high school grade point average fell within each of the ranges (based on a 4.0 scale).


| \% of First-time Freshmen with <br> SAT I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\quad$ Verbal Score of -- | $700-800$ | $<1$ | 9 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
|  | $600-699$ | 9 | 36 | 23 | 11 | 11 | 7 |
|  | $500-599$ | 47 | 42 | 50 | 32 | 34 | 30 |
|  | $400-499$ | 38 | 12 | 22 | 42 | 42 | 44 |
|  | $300-399$ | 5 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 11 | 15 |
|  | $200-299$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |


| \% of First-time Freshmen with |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SAT I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Math Score of -- | $700-800$ | 2 | 23 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
|  | $600-699$ | 8 | 57 | 28 | 11 | 12 | 10 |
|  | $500-599$ | 43 | 19 | 46 | 36 | 35 | 28 |
|  | $400-499$ | 37 | 1 | 20 | 38 | 39 | 42 |
|  | $300-399$ | 7 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 12 | 17 |
|  | $200-299$ | $<1$ | 0 | 0 | 2 | $<1$ | 2 |

\% of First-time Freshmen with High School
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Grade Point Average of -- } & 3.0 \text { and } & 62 & 100 & 93 & 40 & 50 & 38\end{array}$


NOTE: Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

The 20 percent admissions window

Every year, Colorado public colleges may admit up to 20 percent of their accepted students who fall below the institution's published admission standards. Rather than focusing upon Grade Point Average (GPA) and SAT/ACT scores for this 20 percent, the colleges utilize alternate factors to determine which students to admit. One factor that institutions use is student improvement. Some students initially may have had poor performance when they first began high school and, thus, their GPAs may not meet an institution's published standards. The institution can still admit these students under the 20 percent window if the students have shown significant improvement later in their high school careers. For further information about the 20 percent window, please contact the institution admission's office for further details.

## Relative Importance of Academic and Non-Academic Factors Used in Admission to Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities



| Non-Academic Factors -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interview | C | C | NC | NC | C | C |
| Extracurricular | C | NC | C | C | C | C |
| Talent/Ability | C | C | C | C | C | NC |
| Character/Personal Qualities | C | C | C | C | C | C |
| Alumni(ae) Relation | NC | NC | C | C | C | NC |
| Geographical Residence | NC | NC | I | C | NC | NC |
| State Residency | C | NC | I | C | NC | NC |
| Minority Status | C | C | I | C | NC | NC |
| Volunteer Work | NC | C | C | NC | C | NC |
| Work Experience | C | C | C | NC | NC | NC |

## Buyer's Guide

We hope this guide is useful in helping you determine which colleges or universities best suit your needs. Following is a list of factors and questions to consider as you explore your choices. This overview is only a starting point; it is intended to guide you toward the appropriate resources.

## Two-Year vs. Four-Year

- Four-year colleges usually offer Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Sciences degrees. Vocational certificates and Associate of Applied Sciences degrees are also available, but non-transferable.
- Two-year colleges usually offer Associate of Arts and Associate of Science degrees.
- Associate of Arts and Associate of Science degrees are applicable towards partial credit (usually junior class status) in a four-year program.
- Undergraduate community, vocational, technical or professional schools train students for very specific career fields. This is a good option for the student who is seeking in- depth job-specific training in his or her career.
- Universities are generally larger and contain a liberal arts school, as well as a number of graduate and professional (post-graduate) programs. Keep in mind that graduate programs tend to require four-year degrees.

When you are considering various institutions, you may want to ask the following questions:

## Academics/Faculty

- Does the department in which you are interested have a strong reputation outside of the school?
- What is the average student to faculty ratio?
- How accessible are faculty members?
- What is the average class size for my major?
- What kinds of special programs are available?
- Is academic counseling or tutoring offered?
- Does the school offer study abroad programs?
- What kinds of research opportunities exist for undergraduates?
- What types of academic support programs such as tutoring and peer counseling are available?
- Do any of the four-year schools offer two-year programs?
- Does the school have service learning, internships and cooperative education programs?
- Does the school offer unique academic calendars, such as two long terms and one short academic term, or year-round flexible terms allowing for internships?
- What are the graduation and retention rates for the school?
- Does the school offer student evaluations of faculty?


## Student Life

- What is the availability of on-campus student activities?
- What percentage of students lives on-campus?
- What types of public transportation are available to students?
- What percentage of students works while attending school?
- What types of special interest programs and groups are available?
- Are there racial/ethnic, religious or cultural participatory groups?
- What roles do fraternities and sororities play on campus?
- What programs are in place to ease the transition from high school to college?
- What is the atmosphere of the surrounding community?
- Is the campus located in a metropolitan setting, or is it in a small town?
- What types of library resources are available to students?
- What types of childcare are available on campus?
- What kind of campus safety system is in place?
- What types of meal plans are offered? Is a plan mandatory?


## Financial Information

- What is the overall price of the school (tuition, room and board, books) in conjunction with any financial aid you may have been offered?
- What kind of availability is there for scholarships in your field of study?
- How many work-study jobs are available?
- What is the availability and average cost of off-campus housing?
- What was the average fee increase over the last five years?


## Technology

- What kind of technology is available to students?
- How many computer labs are available to students, and what is the ratio of computers to students?
- Does the school offer distance education degrees or courses?


## Job Placement

- What kinds of job placement services are available to students?
- What are the job placement rates for graduates?


## Higher Education Options

Degrees: Students enroll in higher education for varied reasons. For some, completion of a program of study (either a degree or certificate) is the goal. For others enrollment in specific courses to update skills or receive new knowledge or training is the objective. Colorado institutions offer three levels of undergraduate awards: certificate, associate and baccalaureate.

Certificate programs are largely vocational in nature and the credit hour requirements vary according to the program, generally ranging from one semester to two years. These programs are for students seeking relatively short training programs as preparation for entry into the workforce.

Associate degrees usually two years in length, fall into two types:

1. those with a transfer orientation (e.g., Associate of Arts (A.A.), Associate of Science (A.S.), and Associate of General Studies (A.G.S.). These programs are designed for students who intend to complete up to two years of general education, often at a two-year college, and then transfer those credits to a four-year institution as part of a longer-term program. While some transfer associate degrees are general, others are designed as pre-majors for upper division courses at four-year schools.
2. those with a vocational orientation (e.g., Associate for Applied Science (A.A.S.). The A.A.S. combines some general education coursework with vocational training for a specific career.

Baccalaureate degrees usually involve at least four years of study. Most programs have a general studies/education component, usually taken during the first two years of study, to complement the specialized curriculum taken in one's major.

Once you have an idea for a major, make an appointment with an advisor in the school's academic program. Among other things, ask about course requirements and electives, as well as what types of jobs are available for graduates of the program. Select your major carefully, since specialized coursework outside a major may or may not count toward the credit hours needed for degree completion.

As you plan your enrollment, keep in mind that the program length described above is based on a student carrying a full-time course load. This time to degree completion will be extended, however, if you enroll part-time at any point in your college experience and/or change majors. Similarly, the time may be shortened if you complete any college-level coursework while you are in high school. For a limited number of programs, students must start at a specified point in the academic year and enroll full-time. If you have a major in mind, be sure to read the program details carefully so you are clear about the program's expectations. Finally, you should be aware that admission to some high demand academic programs is more competitive than others, and admission into a specific program may be limited to those students with the strongest academic credentials.

The tables listing college majors can provide you with some ideas of what majors (by degree level) are offered by Colorado's public colleges and universities. Remember that this is a general list to facilitate finding an institution that offers disciplines in which you may have an interest. Always check official institution sources, such as a catalog or website, to identify the specific majors that are available.

## Student Assessment

The assessment process increases your probability of academic success, for it assists you in understanding how well you are prepared for college-level courses and aids you and your advisor in making decisions about courses. Thus to ensure that students are prepared for college-level coursework, each degree-seeking, first-time freshman in Colorado public higher education will be required to complete assessment tests in reading, writing, and mathematics, beginning in academic year 2001-02. Remedial instruction in the appropriate course(s) must be taken no later than the end of your freshman year (i.e., within the first 30 semester hours).

If your skills need to be strengthened, you will need to enroll in classes that are remedial in nature. These developmental courses ensure that you read, write, and do mathematics at a level necessary to function in college-level courses. Academic skills classes also are available to assist you with the study skills needed to be successful in college. Finally, some campuses offer courses in English As A Second Language (ESL). ESL classes prepare nonEnglish speaking students for college-level work in the U.S.

The General Educational Development (GED) Test is available to individuals who did not graduate from high school but need a diploma to qualify for employment or entry to a postsecondary institution. Upon passing the test, the student receives a High School Equivalency Diploma. GED Preparation Programs are available in a variety of locations, including the following public postsecondary institutions in Colorado:

## Denver:

Community College of Denver - ABE/GED Institute
Metropolitan State College of Denver - Family Center
Metropolitan State College of Denver - Veteran's Upward Bound Program (serves only veterans released after 1955)
Red Rocks Community College-Learning and Resource Center

## Fort Collins:

Front Range Community College, Larimer County - Center for Adult Learning

## Fort Lupton:

Aims Community College - Fort Lupton

## Fort Morgan:

Morgan Community College

Glenwood Springs:

Colorado Mountain College

## Greeley:

AimsAims Community College - Developmental Education Office

## Lamar:

Lamar Community College

## Littleton:

Arapahoe Community College

## Loveland:

Aims Community College - Loveland
Front Range Community College, Loveland - Center for Adult Learning in Loveland

## Pueblo:

Pueblo Community College

## Sterling:

Northeastern Junior College

## Trinidad:

Trinidad State Junior College - Adult Education Services

## While You Are in High School

You may be able to get a head start on college classes while you are still in high school. Check with your high school counselor about enrolling in one of these programs:

1. If you are a high school junior or senior, you may take college-level classes through the Postsecondary Enrollment Options Program.
2. The High School Fast-Track Program enables juniors and seniors in high school to enroll in summer classes and receive high school and college credit.
3. Tech Prep programs are arranged between high schools and postsecondary institutions enabling students to complete a sequence of high school and college courses in a specific field and earn either a certificate or associate degree. Students acquire technical work and academic skills in applied courses during their last two years of high school and two years at a community college.

## High School Preparation for Admission to Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges or Universities

Institution


High School Preparation


Institution


High School Preparation
High School Completion Requirement
High School Diploma Required and GED
Accepted
High School Diploma Required but GED not
Accepted
High School Diploma or Equivalent not
Required


College Preparatory Program for Degree-seeking Students

Required
Recommended
Neither Required or Recommended


## Additions to "Your knowledge base for college"

## Reading Expectations

Students are expected to read and understand a variety of reading materials. They will need the following reading skills to complete freshman assignments:

- Vary reading speed and technique (skim, review, critique and internalize).
- Be prepared to read an entire literary work or a textbook chapter for a single assignment.
- Employ context to divine the definitions and usage of unfamiliar words.

They will need to apply the following thinking skills to reading:

- Recognize the different purposes and types of writing (i.e. expository, argumentative, persuasive, descriptive, biographical, imaginative).
- Recognize the historical and social contexts of a work.
- Assess the validity of an author's argument.
- Distinguish main points from supporting reasons. Identify flaws, assumptions and inferred conclusions.
- Incorporate personal experience to enhance literary interpretation.

They will need to develop research skills to extract information from various sources. Freshmen will be asked to prepare a research plan, list potential information sources, collect information, and decide what is most important by using:

- Online and library catalogues to locate information about a topic.
- Electronic magazine and newspaper databases.
- Reference materials such as encyclopedias and CD-ROMs.


## Writing Expectations

Students are expected to adapt writing style to different readerships. They will be expected to:

- Understand that writing involves formulating ideas, selecting, developing and refining an idea, evaluating the written product, correcting errors and rewriting.
- Generate and recognize a thesis statement.
- Show you can adapt your writing style for different readers and purposes.
- Organize your ideas into logical sentences and paragraphs.
- Clarify an idea, hypothesis, opinion, or interpretation with appropriate supporting material.
- Write final papers using a computer or word processor that are grammatically and mechanically correct.
- Use focused sentences of reasonable length, paragraph transitions and leading words to guide the reader through your thought process and argumentation.
- Divide papers into sections that continually refer back to and support the thesis.
- Use proper grammar, vocabulary and sentence structure in all expository writing.
- Understand and employ supporting sentences and point sentences; avoid assumptions by stating all supporting reasons; anticipate and refute possible objections.
- Strive for and achieve clarity.
- Be aware of appropriate documentation of sources (including those not directly quoted), and the nature of multiple forms of plagiarism.

Freshmen should be able to vary writing style to suit different purposes. They should have experience writing in the following formats:

- An observational paragraph.
- A two-page paper arguing one main point.
- A full-length thesis paper (five pages or more) citing selections of primary and secondary sources to advance a thesis along with supporting points and reasons.
- A research paper on a humanities or science topic (typically longer than a standard thesis paper) with footnotes and a "Works Cited" addendum for books, periodicals and electronic sources.
- A responsive critique in defense of or opposition to an issue.
- Short, written answers to examination questions, using analysis, argumentation, rhetoric, imagination or exploration of new ideas.
- Other assignments utilizing the techniques listed above.
- A short story.
- A poem in a major style.


## Speaking, listening skills

Students are expected to discuss subjects informally and formally in most college classes When making a formal presentation

- Understand the differing advantages, detriments and effects of written assignments versus oral presentations.

In order to communicate effectively in class, you will need to:

- Initiate and participate in conversations with faculty or other students.
- Ask focused questions to obtain information.
- Answer a question asked logically and concisely.
- Use proper and correct sentence structure and appropriate vocabulary when speaking to enable clarity of meaning.
- Use correct grammar; refrain from using slang terms; use correct and conventional pronunciation to ensure comprehension by others.
- Build sentences and arguments suitable for a specific audience.
- Compile and assimilate information catering to the interests of a specific audience.
- Choose words and formulate sentences that account for cultural, national, regional, ethnic and gender differences.
- Use visual aids such as charts, photographs or diagrams to emphasize points in a speech or presentation.
- Use vocal speed, pitch and intensity variation to add subtlety to meaning.
- Follow written and spoken instructions.
- Identify the main point, supporting points and reasons in lectures and discussions. Distinguish between them. Be aware of assumptions and flaws.
- Take accurate notes that outline important points and help you internalize the lecture information: this is a valuable skill in preparing for examinations.
- Understand, summarize and interpret another's point of view.


## Math Expectations

Students are expected to solve problems in a variety of classes and explain the reasoning used to solve the problem. They will be expected to:

- Convert a value from one form of measurement to another.
- Use common sense to assess the feasibility of a solution.
- Understand the different techniques and mathematical operations for calculating solutions.
- Use numbers and sets of numbers to solve problems or explain ideas.
- Use algebraic methods to describe and model patterns and functions involving numbers, shapes, data, and graphs.
- Explain algebraic equations and inequalities.
- Set up and solve linear equations with two unknowns.
- Understand the difference between a function and an equation.
- Perform operations involving functions.
- Model real-world events (i.e., distance-time relationships, compound interest) using functions, equations, inequalities and graphs.
- Graph equations and understand that a graph represents all the values that satisfy an equation and two equations are satisfied at the same time if the graphs intersect.

Use data collection and analysis, statistics and probability to set up and solve problems:

- Calculate averages, medians and mode from a data set of 20 items.
- Calculate simple probabilities for coin tossing, jury verdicts or game situations.
- Construct different combinations from a data set.
- Use a personal computer to enter and analyze data in various programs.

Apply geometric concepts, properties, and relationships to problems.

- Use various techniques to conceive of two and three-dimensional shapes.
- Use a variety of tools to measure quantities.
- Identify simple differences between geometric properties of planes and spheres.
- Understand and use the properties of symmetry, similarity and congruence.
- Construct multiple geometric transformations using rotation, reflection or translation.
- Calculate the surface areas and volumes of regular shapes and irregular shapes.

Use a variety of tools to measure quantities.

- Use differential equations to calculate the instantaneous rate of change.
- Use formulae to solve measurement problems.
- Read and interpret scales used on graphs and maps.
- Use formulas to solve measurement problems.
- Use rates of change to calculate unknown quantities.
- Apply trigonometric ratios to solve problems.

Understand the various techniques and mathematical operations for calculating solutions. You will need the following skills to complete a variety of assignments:

- Perform basic arithmetic operations (i.e., addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division).
- Select and use appropriate arithmetic operations for solving multi-step problems.
- Follow mathematical rules (e.g., rules of equations, order of operations, conversion from one form to another).


## Science Expectations

You should know the following chemistry and physics material:

- Properties and structure of matter.
- Forms of energy and ways to identify, measure and calculate energy transfer and matter transformation; conservation of matter and energy.
- Chemical changes (combustion, simple chemical reactions).
- Concepts of physical interactions such as velocity, force, power, operating principles of basic machines.
- Symbolic equations that represent physical structure or chemical change.

You should be able to use the following basic biology knowledge:

- Describe the systems of the body (i.e. nervous, muscular) and the factors that influence how the human body functions.
- Distinguish between innate and learned behavior.

You should be able to use the following basic space and earth science knowledge:

- Components of the universe.
- Origin and development of the Earth system.
- Composition and characteristics of the Earth's structure.
- Fundamental weather processes.
- Sources and patterns of water (i.e. water cycle).
- Motion and energy processes of the solar system (i.e. rotation, revolution).

You should be able to compare and contrast how people use technology differently.

- Understand that knowledge changes as new information becomes available and new theories replace old ones.
- Recognize that knowledge gained from studying one part of the universe can often be applied to other parts.
- Recognize that progress in science affects and is affected by economics, politics, and cultural values.
- Read and understand issues discussed in the science sections of publications such as Time Magazine, Newsweek and U.S. News and World Report.
- Identify cause and effect relationships.

You will need to have experience designing science experiments, proposing hypotheses, and evaluating experiment results.

- Understand the relationships between observations and models.
- Have direct, hands-on biology, chemistry and physics laboratory experience in high school.
- Use scientific thinking to analyze results or present findings.


## Humanities: Literature, Fine Arts and Foreign Language Expectations

- Know what indicates literary quality, such as characterization, style, theme, diction, subtle use of metaphor and insight into the human condition.
- Know what defines artistic or musical quality.
- Be familiar with the characteristics that tend to define each stylistic era, such as Medieval, Renaissance, Baroque, Classical and Romantic.
- Identify similarities between and amongst authors' and artists' styles.
- Understand the universality of literary ideas and motifs, and demonstrate their applicability to the present time.
- Describe how images and themes reinforce the meaning in a novel, poem, play, painting or musical composition.
- Analyze the characteristics of a creative work using the accepted terminology.
- Relate literature to the historical and political events of the time period in which it was written.
- Relate literature, art, music and the visual and performing arts to one another in their time period and historical context. When applicable, relate a work to the personal life of its creator.

You should have the following literary experiences before entering college:

- Read a variety of canonical English literature from earlier periods to contemporary works. Poets might include Chaucer, Spenser, Jonson, Marlowe, Shakespeare, Donne, Milton, Dryden, Pope, Blake, Wordsworth, Coleridge, Byron, Shelley, Keats, Tennyson, Housman, Yeats, Eliot or Thomas. Novelists might include Henry Fielding, Daniel Defoe, Jonathan Swift, Jane Austen, Charles Dickens, Sir Walter Scott, Mary Shelley, Flannery O'Connor, Joseph Conrad or George Orwell. Playwrights might include Shakespeare or Stoppard.
- Read a variety of canonical American literature from earlier periods to contemporary works. Poets might include Longfellow, Bryant, Dickinson, Whittier, Whitman, Frost, Sandburg or E.E. Cummings. Novelists might include Herman Melville, Nathaniel Hawthorne, James Fenimore Cooper, Mark Twain, Stephen Crane, Ernest Hemingway or F. Scott Fitzgerald. Playwrights might include Arthur Miller.
- Read work written by major authors and poets in foreign languages (translated), possibly including works by writers such as Homer, Tolstoy, Dostoyevsky, Dante, Goethe, Mallory, Baudelaire, Voltaire, Cervantes or Marquez.
- Create a work of art such as a poem, short story, painting, sculpture or musical composition.
- Participate in a dance, choral group, band, orchestra or play performance.


## Foreign Language Expectations

- Understand and respond to oral directions given in the language.
- Orally express personal ideas using idiomatic expressions and understandable pronunciation.
- Ask and answer questions in culturally appropriate ways using vocabulary suitable to the subject and the situation.
- Understand simple reading assignments without using a dictionary.
- Write simple compositions based on everyday situations.
- Use the correct forms of regular verbs and common irregular verbs to describe actions and situations.
- Use appropriate forms of nouns and adjectives.
- Demonstrate a working vocabulary to write about home, family, school, weather, and other everyday topics.
- Develop an understanding of the cultures of the people who speak the language.
- Demonstrate an awareness of appropriate cultural behaviors in everyday situations.
- Identify geographic regions where the language is spoken.


## Social Science Expectations

Students will be expected to draw conclusions and interpret geographic information from various types of maps and geographic tools. They will be expected to:

- Recognize the economic and political importance of places such as the Suez Canal.
- Demonstrate a basic understanding of how political unrest can affect economies.
- Understand the major processes of human geography, such as migration, land use, and water.
- Know the basic concepts of economics, including scarcity, choice, supply and demand, opportunity costs, the function of money, and the role of government.
- Understand the way that key concepts such as power, liberty, equality and community have been used throughout history.
- Trace the development of the concept of equality in the United States. This includes knowing people and events that were significant in the development process.
- Describe the foundations, processes, and basic principles of various forms of government.
- Know the basic concepts contained in the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and the Gettysburg Address.
- Discuss current U.S. economic, defense and foreign trade positions and their political relationship to other nations.
- Track the candidates and issues during a local, state or national election.
- Know the major events of U.S., European and world history.
- Know the key people and key turning points of U.S. history.
- Construct a time line of significant events for a particular country or era (i.e. Renaissance).
- Understand how evidence is evaluated, and some of the complexities historians face when evaluating evidence.
- Describe the social organization of various societies, including their roles, power, privileges and traditions.
- Understand how social, economic and political events in one area of the world can affect events and conditions in other regions.
- Trace major developments such as industrialization, civil rights and democratic government.
- Compare and contrast different forms of government to the United States constitutional system.
- Discuss how a current world event, like the Bosnian conflict, may change government, the economy, the surrounding countries, or the lives of the people living in the country.

You should possess the following map skills:

- Draw generally accurate two-dimensional maps.
- Use atlases to answer basic questions relating to climate, natural vegetation and growing seasons.
- Infer from physical features shown on a map the natural processes that shaped the Earth's surface patterns.
- Use maps, globes or other geographic tools to locate places with a small number of geographic reference points (i.e., north of Italy, west of a mountain range) within three to five minutes.


## What you should know about fees and deadlines:

## Application Deadlines and Fees at Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities

| Application Type | Institution | ASC | CSM | CSU | FLC | MESA | METRO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Admissions Applications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Priority Application |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Application Closing Date |  | Aug 1 | May 1 | Jul 1 | Aug 1 | Jul 15 | Aug 27 |
| Application Fee | Yes | * | * | * | * | * | * |
|  | No |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount of Application Fee |  | \$20 | \$45 | \$30 | \$20 | \$30 | \$25 |
| Waiver of Fee for Applicants with Financial |  | * | * | * |  | * | * |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Need | Yes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No |  |  |  | * |  |  |

Financial Aid Applications

| Priority Date to File Required Forms | Mar 1 | Mar 1 | Mar 1 | Feb | 15 | Mar 1 | Feb 15 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Deadline to File Required Forms | Apr 15 | R | R | R | R | R |  |


|  | Institution | UNC | USC | UCB | UCCS | UCD | WSC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Admissions Applications
Priority Application Date
Application Closing Date

| None | Jul 1 | None | None | Jul 22 | None |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aug 1 | None | Feb 15 | Jul 1 | None | None |


| Application Fee | Yes |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | No |


| Amount of Application Fee | $\$ 30$ | $\$ 25$ | $\$ 40$ | $\$ 45$ | $\$ 40$ | $\$ 25$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Waiver of Fee for <br> Applicants with Financial Need <br> Yes


$\mathbf{R}=$ Rolling deadline

## Application Deadlines and Fees at Colorado Public Two-Year Colleges



| Priority Date to File Required Forms | None | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar } \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar } \\ 31 \end{gathered}$ | Apr |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr } \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deadline to File Required Forms | R | May 1 | R | R | R | R | R | R |


| Application Type | Institution | MCC | NJC | OJC | PPCC | PCC | RRCC | TSJC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Admissions Applications

| Application <br> Closing Date |  | None | None | None | None | None | None | None |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Application Fee | Yes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |

Financial Aid
Applications

$$
\text { Priority Date to File Required } \mid \text { Jun } 1 \text { Mar } 1 \text { Apr 15Mar } 15 \text { Mar Mar } 1 \text { May } 1 \mid
$$

| Forms |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deadline to File Required <br> Forms | R | R | R | R | R | R | R |

# Financial Information Four-Year Colleges and Universities 

| 2000-2001 Undergraduate | ASC | CSM | CSU | FLC | MESA |  | METROUCB |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1. "All-Other" tuition. For specific program costs, see the CU cost table.
2. Lower Division tuition. For specific program costs, see the CU cost table.
3. Averaged program tuition. For specific program costs, see the CU cost table.

## Financial Information Two-Year Colleges

2000-2001
Tuition, Resident Mandatory Student Fees Room \& Board Cost Average Cost for 1 Year Completing an Associate's Degree in 3 yrs.

AIMS ACC CMC CNCC*CCA CCD FRCC LCC
\$1,380(a)\$1,386 \$1,512 \$1,386 \$1,386 \$1,386 \$1,386 \$1,386
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\$ 72 & \$ 128 & \$ 140 & \$ 172 & \$ 85 & \$ 115 & \$ 158 & \$ 286\end{array}$
N/A N/A \$5,320 \$4,356 N/A N/A N/A \$4,198
\$1,452 \$1,514 \$6,972 \$5,914 \$1,471 \$1,501 \$1,544 \$5,870
$18 \% \quad 19 \% \quad 19 \% \quad 23 \% \quad 7 \% \quad 17 \% \quad 14 \% \quad 24 \%$

| Undergrads Receiving Aid | $19 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad 66 \%$


| $2000-2001$ | MCC | NJC | OJC | PPCC | PCC | RRCC TSJC |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tuition, Resident | $\$ 1,386$ | $\$ 1,386$ | $\$ 1,386$ | $\$ 1,386$ | $\$ 1,386$ | $\$ 1,386$ | $\$ 1,386$ |
| Mandatory Student Fees | $\$ 151$ | $\$ 557$ | $\$ 169$ | $\$ 121$ | $\$ 208$ | $\$ 200$ | $\$ 91$ |
| Room \& Board Cost | N/A | $\$ 4,274$ | $\$ 3,646$ | N/A | N/A | N/A | $\$ 4,449$ |
| Average Cost for 1 Year | $\$ 1,537$ | $\$ 6,217$ | $\$ 5,201$ | $\$ 1,507$ | $\$ 1,594$ | $\$ 1,586$ | $\$ 5,926$ |
| Completing an Associate's | $52 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| Degree in 3 yrs. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undergrads Receiving Aid | $77 \%$ | $95 \%$ | $97 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $89 \%$ |
| Avg. Fed. Student Aid Award | $\$ 2,018$ | $\$ 2,936 \$ 2,588$ | $\$ 2,144$ | $\$ 2,509$ | $\$ 2,257$ | $\$ 2,618$ |  |
| Avg. State Student Aid Award | $\$ 1,569$ | $\$ 1,230 \$ 1,292$ | $\$ 1,454$ | $\$ 1,746$ | $\$ 1,353$ | $\$ 1,167$ |  |
| Avg. Student Loan | $\$ 1,867$ | $\$ 2,036$ | $\$ 2,181$ | $\$ 2,433$ | $\$ 2,503$ | $\$ 2,855$ | $\$ 2,437$ |

(a) Figure based upon a 12-credit hour semester, in-state but not in-district.

* Figures are from the Consumer Guide 2000.


## Financial Information University of Colorado Campuses

The University of Colorado calculates student tuition based on class rank, major and academic field. The tables below detail the differential costs for each campus between the disciplines offered. Though room and board, fees and tuition are all shown, the variation occurs only in the tuition figures.
University of Colorado at Boulder

| 2000-2001 | All-Other | Business | Engineering | Journalism and Music |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tuition, Resident | \$2,514 | \$2,954 | \$3,032 | \$2,570 |
| Mandatory Student Fees | \$674 | \$674 | \$674 | \$674 |
| Room \& Board Cost | \$5,538 | \$5,538 | \$5,538 | \$5,538 |
| Average Cost for 1 Year | \$8,726 | \$9,166 | \$9,244 | \$8,782 |
| University of Colorado at Colorado Springs |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Upper Divisio |  |  |
| 2000-2001 | Lower Division | Liberal Arts and Sciences | Business and Engineering | Nursing |
| Tuition, Resident | \$2,298 | \$2,466 | \$2,508 | \$3,714 |
| Mandatory Student Fees | \$682 | \$682 | \$682 | \$682 |
| Room \& Board Cost | \$5,721 | \$5,721 | \$5,721 | \$5,721 |
| Average Cost for 1 Year | \$8,701 | \$8,869 | \$8,911 | \$10,117 |
| University of Colorado at Denver |  |  |  |  |
| 2000-2001 | All Freshmen and Sophomores | Business and Engineering | All Other |  |
| Tuition, Resident | \$2,298 | \$2,508 | \$2,298 |  |
| Mandatory Student Fees | \$400 | \$400 | \$400 |  |
| Room \& Board Cost | N/A | N/A | N/A |  |
| Average Cost for 1 Year | \$2,698 | \$2,908 | \$2,698 |  |

University of Colorado Health Sciences Center

| 2000-2001 | Child Health | Dental Hygiene Nursing |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tuition, Resident | Associate | $\$ 4,599$ | $\$ 4,650$ |
| Mandatory Student Fees | $\$ 10,756$ | $\$ 20$ | $\$ 20$ |
| Room \& Board Cost | N/A | N/A | N20 |
| Average Cost for 1 Year | $\$ 10,776$ | $\$ 4,619$ | $\$ 4,670$ |

## How to Apply for Financial Aid

When you are applying to college, you should simultaneously be applying for financial aid. Don't wait to receive admission responses from the schools to which you are applying. Financial aid application deadlines are typically in the winter. You must hear back early enough so that you are able to consider the adequacy of each college's financial aid offer when selecting a school.

The first step in the process is to seek advice on financial aid. Start with your high school's guidance office, which should have some of the necessary application information. Then visit your local public library, explore the Internet and navigate to the College Board Online (www.collegeboard.org). Review College cost information here. During this process, research your eligibility for various financial aid programs. Read the federal financial aid program documentation on the Department of Education's web site (http://www.ed.gov/offices/OSFAP/Students/). Request financial aid information from each college on its non-federal programs.

Next, estimate your anticipated college expenses, evaluate your financial situation, and judge your need for aid. If you are a dependent in a family, consider your family's ability to finance your education. Don't allow unusual financial circumstances, such as an inaccessibility of your trust funds or a medical financial strain, to dissuade you from applying for aid. Colleges often account for such factors when assessing a student's aid eligibility.

Once you have familiarized yourself with the financial aid application process and your own financial situation, you must begin the most important step. Recognize and fill out the forms you must file to meet your needs and the financial aid requirements of each college. Complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and the CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE®. The former permits eligibility for federal and state aid; the latter deals with nonfederal aid, and is required by some colleges. When filling out these forms and the college-specific forms, meet the deadlines or preferred dates in order to achieve optimal aid consideration.

The forms mandate that you include much of your most recent financial information. To accomplish this, gather all of your recent financial records, such as income tax returns, W-2 forms, pay stubs, interest statements and home mortgage and debt information. These records should pertain to the year preceding the academic year for which you are applying.

Because income information on FAFSA and CSS are cross-referenced with the same information on your IRS forms, you should know which income tax returns you plan to file with the federal and state governments on April 15th. Drafting an outline might be useful. When you file your actual income tax returns, you will need to submit those as well.

The military offers scholarships at more than 600 schools. The Reserve Officer Training Corps. (ROTC), a widespread military aid program, awards scholarships as much as $\$ 60,000$. Additional benefits include monthly stipends and schoolbook allowances. In return for the military's aid, you agree to select a major that suits their needs, as well as to serve in either the National Guard, the Army Reserve, or to serve on active duty. For more information on ROTC and other similar programs, navigate to http://www.finaid.org/military/. As always, it is prudent to discuss the prospect with others who went through the process.

On all financial aid application forms, it is critical to fill all fields accurately, completely and legibly, providing all requested information. Be consistent in providing information between forms. Failure to do either of these could result in a delay in processing your application. This is the place to describe any unusual circumstances that could limit your ability to finance your education. If there is no space on the application (this is true of FAFSA and CSS), send a letter to the school to make your case. As a precaution, keep photocopies of every form.

As soon as you submit your financial aid forms, be prepared to reply to any responses or relevant material that you receive in the mail. Among such responses, your Student Aid Report (SAR) will arrive within several weeks of your submission. If there are any errors, make the appropriate corrections and mail the form back to the return address. If you have completed a CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE, your CSS Acknowledgement will arrive. Any necessary corrections to this document should be sent to the college(s) to which you are applying. Be prompt in submitting all of your responses.

You will begin to receive award letters in the middle of the spring. The amounts detailed on these letters will often be represented as "tentative" or "preliminary". This is because it is too early for colleges to know how much funds they will have available in overall financial aid for that year.

Do not make your final school selection until you have received a letter from each school to which you have applied. It is important to be aware of the full value being offered by each school. Once you have received all of your responses, move quickly to secure the package being offered by the school of your choice: if you miss the deadline, your aid could be reallocated to another student. If a deadline for a school is approaching and you have not yet received all of your responses, ask the school for an extension of its aid offer.

Keep in mind that such offers are somewhat negotiable. If you believe that an offer made to you did not consider your case in full, you may contact a financial aid administrator at the college. He or she may adjust your package. If you still feel that all the factors in your situation have not been adequately evaluated, you may invoke the appeals process at the school's financial aid office.

Despite the importance of financial aid application, do not rely on the size of a school's financial aid award as the sole basis for selecting a college. Personal suitability is also an essential factor. Once you have considered all of these factors and assessed the overall value of each education as it meets your needs, examine the award letter from your selected school. Follow the instructions, provide any additional information or materials requested, select a lender if prompted to do so, sign the letter, and return it to the school. Notify the other schools of your choice.

You must submit a new FAFSA and CSS every year. The amount of your award may vary from year to year, due to changes in aid money available to your college, changes in your need or in the needs of other students, and variance in your loans outside of the college.

## Four-Year Colleges and Universities:

## Institution Profiles (Four-Year Colleges)

| ASC |  | CSM |  | CSU |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Campus |  | Campus |  | Campus |  |
| Information |  | Information |  | Information |  |
| Adams State College is nestled in a Connecticut-sized valley in Southwest Colorado. |  | The Colorado School of Mines is situated in Golden, in the foothills. Both historic and modern buildings comprise the local architecture. |  | Located in Fort Collins, Colorado State University sits between the Great Plains and the Rocky Mountains. Sunny weather permits many outdoor activities and promotes a positive learning environment. |  |
| Academic Profile |  | Academic Profile |  | Academic Profile |  |
| Degrees Awarded | 458 | Degrees Awarded | 637 | Degrees Awarded | 4,985 |
| Associate | 26 | Baccalaureate | 431 | Baccalaureate | 3,703 |
| Baccalaureate | 245 | Master's | 157 | Master's | 952 |
| Master's | 187 | Doctorate | 49 | First Professional | 142 |
|  |  |  |  | Doctorate | 188 |
| Campus Profile |  | Campus Profile |  | Campus Profile |  |
| Tuition \& Fees (2000 | 001) | Tuition \& Fees (2000 | 2001) | Tuition \& Fees (20 | 2001) |
| Tuition, Resident | \$1,574 | Tuition, Resident | \$4,750 | Tuition, Resident | \$2,408 |
| Room \& Board | \$5,220 | Room \& Board | \$5,206 | Room \& Board | \$5,046 |
| Mandatory Student Fees | \$612 | Mandatory Student Fees | \$662 | Mandatory Studen Fees | \$725 |
| Average cost for 1 year | \$7,406 | Average cost for 1 year | \$10,618 | Average cost for 1 year | \$8,179 |
| Student Profile |  | Student Profile |  | Student Profile |  |
| Enrollment |  | Enrollment |  | Enrollment |  |
| (Fall 1999) | 2,472 ${ }^{1}$ | (Fall 1999) | 3,317 ${ }^{1}$ | (Fall 1999) | 22,641 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Undergraduate | 81\% | Undergraduate | 77\% | Undergraduate | 84\% |
| Geographic Origin |  | Geographic Origin |  | Geographic Origin |  |
| In-state | 80\% | In-state | 79\% | In-state | 75\% |
| Out-of-state | 20\% | Out-of-state | 21\% | Out-of-state | 25\% |
| Gender |  | Gender |  | Gender |  |
| Female | 44\% | Female | 24\% | Female | 52\% |
| Male | 56\% | Male | 76\% | Male | 48\% |
| Age |  | Age |  | Age |  |
| Younger than 25 | 81\% | Younger than 25 | 91\% | Younger than 25 | 87\% |
| 25 years and older | 19\% | 25 years and older | 9\% | 25 years and older | 13\% |
| Ethnicity |  | Ethnicity |  | Ethnicity |  |
| Asian-American | 1\% | Asian-American | 5\% | Asian-American | 3\% |
| Black | 4\% | Black | 1\% | Black | 2\% |
| Hispanic | 25\% | Hispanic | 7\% | Hispanic | 6\% |
| Native American | 2\% | Native American | 1\% | Native American | 1\% |
| Other | 1\% | Other | 6\% | Other | 4\% |






| Campus Profile |  | Campus Profile |  | Campus Profile |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tuition \& Fees (2000-2001) |  | Tuition \& Fees (2000-2001) |  | Tuition \& Fees (2000-2001) |  |
| Tuition, Resident | \$4,650 | Tuition, Resident | \$2,072 | Tuition, Resident | \$1,860 |
| Room \& Board | n/a | Room \& Board | \$5,196 | Room \& Board | \$5,164 |
| Mandatory Student Fees | \$20 | Mandatory Student Fees | \$681 | Mandatory Student Fees | \$509 |
| Average cost for 1 year | \$4,670 | Average cost for 1 year | \$7,949 | Average cost for 1 year | \$7,533 |
| Student Profile |  | Student Profile |  | Student Profile |  |
| Enrollment |  | Enrollment |  | Enrollment |  |
| (Fall 1999) | 2,314 ${ }^{1}$ | (Fall 1999) | 11,362 ${ }^{1}$ | (Fall 1999) | 4,154 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Undergraduate | 22\% | Undergraduate | 85\% | Undergraduate | 94\% |
| Geographic Origin |  | Geographic Origin |  | Geographic Origin |  |
| In-state | 15\% | In-state | 89\% | In-state | 90\% |
| Out-of-state | 85\% | Out-of-state | 11\% | Out-of-state | 10\% |
| Gender |  | Gender |  | Gender |  |
| Female | 80\% | Female | 59\% | Female | 56\% |
| Male | 20\% | Male | 41\% | Male | 44\% |
| Age |  | Age |  | Age |  |
| Younger than 25 | 36\% | Younger than 25 | 91\% | Younger than 25 | 69\% |
| 25 years and older | 64\% | 25 years and older | 9\% | 25 years and older | 31\% |
| Ethnicity |  | Ethnicity |  | Ethnicity |  |
| Asian-American | 15\% | Asian-American | 5\% | Asian-American | 2\% |
| Black | 5\% | Black | 2\% | Black | 3\% |
| Hispanic | 8\% | Hispanic | 8\% | Hispanic | 26\% |
| Native American | 1\% | Native American | 1\% | Native American | 1\% |
| Other | 5\% | Other | 2\% | Other | 7\% |
| White | 66\% | White | 82\% | White | 60\% |
| Financial Aid Profile |  | Financial Aid Pro |  | Financial Aid Prof |  |
| \% of Undergraduates Receiving \% of Undergraduates Receiving \% of Undergraduates Receiving |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Aid |  | Financial Aid |  | Financial Aid |  |
| Average Federal Stude | nt Aid | Average Federal Stud | nt Aid | Average Federal St | nt Aid |
| Award |  | Award |  | Award |  |
| (1999-2000) | \$3,518 | (1999-2000) | \$2,748 | (1999-2000) | \$2,231 |
| Average State Student |  | Average State Stud |  | Average State Stude |  |
| Award |  | Award |  | Award |  |
| (1999-2000) | \$2,287 | (1999-2000) | \$1,563 | (1999-2000) | \$1,040 |
| Average Student Loan $(1999-2000)$ | \$3,607 | Average Student Lo $(1999-2000)$ | \$3,185 | Average Student Lo $(1999-2000)$ | \$3,546 |
| WSC |  |  |  |  |  |
| Campus Information |  |  |  |  |  |

The location of Western State College of Colorado provides a natural learning environment. The Sawatch and West Elk ranges, which represent vast stretches of high country wilderness, are a virtual outdoor geological classroom.
Academic Profile Degrees Awarded 390 Baccalaureate 390

| Campus Profile |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Tuition \& Fees (2000-2001) |  |
| Tuition, Resident | $\$ 1,560$ |
| Room \& Board | $\$ 5,228$ |
| Mandatory Student | $\$ 710$ |
| Fees |  |
| Average cost for 1 | $\$ 7,498$ |
| year |  |
|  |  |
| Student Profile |  |
| Enrollment |  |
| (Fall 1999) | $2,445^{1}$ |
| Undergraduate | $97 \%$ |
|  |  |
| Geographic Origin | $70 \%$ |
| In-state | $30 \%$ |
| Out-of-state |  |
|  |  |
| Gender | $40 \%$ |
| Female | $60 \%$ |
| Male |  |
|  |  |
| Age | $89 \%$ |
| Younger than 25 | $11 \%$ |
| 25 years and older |  |
|  |  |
| Ethnicity | $1 \%$ |
| Asian-American | $1 \%$ |
| Black | $4 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $1 \%$ |
| Native American | $0 \%$ |
| Other |  |
| White |  |
|  |  |

Financial Aid Profile
\% of Undergraduates Receiving
Financial Aid
(1999-2000) 68\%
Average Federal Student Aid
Award
(1999-2000) \$2,601
Average State Student Aid

| Award |
| :--- |
| (1999-2000) |
| Average Student Loan |
| (1999-2000) |$\quad \$ 1,324$


| 1. Figure does not include extended studies students. |
| :--- |

## Finding a Major at Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities



| Biological and Life Sciences | Biology, Botany, <br> Microbiology, Zoology, <br> Biochemistry, <br> Environmental Science | B |  | B | B | B | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Sciences | Chemistry | B | B | B | B |  | B |
|  | Geology | B |  | B | B |  |  |
|  | Physics | B |  | B | B |  | B |
|  | Other Physical Sciences: <br> Astronomy, Meteorology, <br> Watershed Science, <br> Natural/Physical Sciences |  |  | B |  | B | B |
| Environmental Studies/ Natural Resources | Environmental Studies, Forestry, Fishery, Wildlife Biology |  |  | B |  |  |  |
| Examples of Majors in This May Be Available** | Program Cluster That | ASC | CSM | CSU | FLC | Mesa | Metro |
| Arts and Humanities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| English/Speech Communication | English | B |  | B | B | B | B |
|  | Speech Communication |  |  | B |  |  | B |
| Foreign Languages | Chinese, French, German <br> Italian, Japanese, <br> Spanish, Classics, <br> Linguistics | B |  | B | B |  | B |
| Philosophy/Religion P | Philosophy, Religious Studies |  |  | B | B |  | B |
| Visual/Performing Arts | Art, Fine Arts, Visual Arts | B |  | B | B |  | B |
|  | Music | B |  | B | B |  | B |
|  | Theater | B |  |  | B |  |  |
|  | Other Arts: Dance, Fine \& Performing Arts, Film Studies, Industrial Design Other Arts: Dance, Fine \& Performing Arts, Film Studies, Industrial Design |  |  |  |  | B | B |
| Liberal Arts \& Sciences |  | A, B |  | B | B | A, B |  |
| Examples of Majors in This May Be Available** | Program Cluster That | ASC | CSM | CSU | FLC | $\mid$ Mesa | Metro |
| Social and Behavioral Sciences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Sciences | Anthropology |  |  | B | B |  | B |
|  | Economics |  | B | B | B |  | B |
|  | History | B |  | B | B | B | B |
|  | Political Science |  |  | B | B | B | B |
|  | Sociology | B |  | B | B | B | B |
|  | Other Social Sciences: Geography, International Affairs, Behavioral Science |  |  |  |  | B | B |
| Psychology P | Psychology | B |  | B | B | B | B |




| Biological and Life Sciences | Biology, Botany, <br> Microbiology, Zoology, <br> Biochemistry, <br> Environmental Science | B | B | B | B | B | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Physical Sciences | Chemistry | B | B | B | B | B | B |
|  | Geology | B |  | B |  |  | B |
|  | Physics | B | B | B | B | B |  |
|  | Other Physical Sciences: <br> Astronomy, Meteorology <br> Watershed Science, <br> Natural/Physical Sciences |  |  |  | B |  |  |
| Environmental Studies/ Natural Resources | Environmental Studies, Forestry, Fishery, Wildlife Biology | B | B |  |  |  | B |
| Examples of Majors in This May Be Available** | Program Cluster That | UCB | $\mid$ UCCS | UCD | \|UNC | \|USC | WSC |
| Arts and Humanities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| English/Speech Communication | English | B | B | B | B | B | B |
|  | Speech Communication | B |  |  |  | B |  |
| Foreign Languages | Chinese, French, German <br> Italian, Japanese, <br> Spanish, Classics, <br> Linguistics | B | B | B | B | B | B |
| Philosophy/Religion | Philosophy, Religious Studies | B | B | B | B |  |  |
| Visual/Performing Arts | Art, Fine Arts, Visual Arts | B | B | B | B | B | B |
|  | Music | B | B | B | B | B | B |
|  | Theater | B |  | B | B |  |  |
|  | Other Arts: Dance, Fine \& Performing Arts, Film Studies, Industrial Design |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liberal Arts \& Sciences |  | B |  | B |  |  |  |
| Examples of Majors in This May Be Available** | s Program Cluster That | UCB | $\mathrm{UCCS}$ | UCD | UNC | USC | WSC |
| Social and Behavioral Sciences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Social Sciences | Anthropology | B | B | B |  |  | B |
|  | Economics | B | B | B | B |  | B |
|  | History | B | B | B | B | B | B |
|  | Political Science | B | B | B | B | B | B |
|  | Sociology | B | B | B | B | B | B |
|  | Other Social Sciences: Geography, International Affairs, Behavioral Science | B | B | B | B | B |  |
| Psychology | Psychology | B | B | B | B | B | B |



Other Health Related
Specializations: Medical
Science, Radiologic
Technology, Dental B
Hygiene, Health Care
Mgt., Pharmacy,
Environmental Health
Note: Four-year teacher education programs are being evaluated
Teacher Education by CCHE. For further information regarding specific majors and other teacher education requirements, contact the institution where you want to attend.

| Examples of Majors in This Program Cluster That | UCB | UCCS | UCD | UNC | USC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| May Be Available** |  |  |  |  |  |

Construction Trades Electric Lineworker
$\mathbf{B}=$ baccalaureate level, usually involving four years of study
$\mathbf{A}=$ associate level, usually involving two years of study
$\mathbf{C}=$ certificate level, usually involving one year of study.
**Majors listed here illustrate options within a program cluster that might be available at an identified institution. Check the institution's catalog or website for the specific majors offered at the institution. Also keep in mind that some majors can be found in more than one cluster, depending on the institution's emphasis in a program. For example, speech could be offered as part of a communications, English, or performing arts cluster.

## Student Demographics Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities Fall 1999

Student
Headcount Institution ASC CSM CSU FLC MESA METRO UNC

Total Fall 1999
Enrollment (a) 2,472 3,317 22,641 4,410 $\quad 4,896 \quad \mathbf{1 7 , 1 5 2} \mathbf{1 1 , 3 6 2}$

| Undergraduate - Degree |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seeking | 1,971 | 2,492 | 18,625 | 4,175 | 4,570 | 15,955 | 9,468 |
| Undergraduate - Non <br> Degree Seeking | 42 | 47 | 316 | 88 | 235 | 992 | 147 |

## Students Categorized

 by --
## Gender

| Female | $(\%)$ | 56 | 24 | 52 | 47 | 55 | 56 | 59 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Male | $(\%)$ | 44 | 76 | 48 | 53 | 45 | 44 | 41 |
| Age: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25 years <br> 25 Years and | $(\%)$ | 81 | 91 | 87 | 87 | 72 | 57 | 91 |
| Older | $(\%)$ | 19 | 9 | 13 | 13 | 28 | 43 | 9 |

Geographic

## Origin

| Colorado | $(\%)$ | 80 | 79 | 75 | 66 | 89 | 98 | 89 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Outside | $(\%)$ | 20 | 21 | 25 | 34 | 11 | 2 | 11 |

Race/Ethnicity

| Asian-American | $(\%)$ | 1 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Black | $(\%)$ | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 2 |
| Hispanic | $(\%)$ | 25 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 13 | 8 |
| Native |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American | $(\%)$ | 2 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| White | $(\%)$ | 67 | 80 | 85 | 72 | 86 | 71 | 82 |
| Other (c.) | $(\%)$ | 1 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 2 |

## Credit Hour

Load
12 or More

| Credit Hours | (\%) | 86 | 94 | 89 | 92 | 77 | 55 | 93 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Less than 12 | (\%) | 14 | 6 | 11 | 8 | 23 | 45 | 7 |

Students Living in College/University Housing

| Undergraduates | $(\%)$ | 44 | 30 | 24 | 35 | 18 | 0 | 31 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| First-time, first- <br> year | $(\%)$ | 57 | 80 | 92 | 85 | 43 | 0 | 90 |
| Retention Rate: <br> (d) | $(\%)$ | 58 | 87 | 82 | 58 | 60 | 64 | 68 |

## Graduation

## Rates--

After Four

| Years (e) | (\%) | 13 | 30 | 31 | 8 | 9 | 4 | 23 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| After Five | (\%) | 28 | 54 | 57 | 26 | 19 | 13 | 40 |
| Years (e) <br> After Six <br> Years (e) | (\%) | 30 | 63 | 60 | 28 | 23 | 20 | 44 |

## Student <br> Headcount <br> Institution USC UCB UCCS UCD UCHSC WSC

Total Fall 1999
Enrollment (a) 4,15426,719 6,632 11,173 2,314 2,445

| Undergraduate - Degree |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seeking | $3,78221,312$ | 4,701 | 5,981 | 514 | 2,329 |
| Undergraduate - Non <br> Degree Seeking | 119 | 297 | 241 | 295 | 5 |


| Graduate - Degree Seeking <br> (b) <br> Graduate - Non Degree | 121 | 4,505 | 1,079 | 4,129 | 1,611 | 0 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seeking | 132 | 605 | 611 | 768 | 184 | 76 |

## Undergraduate

Students Categorized
by --

## Gender

| Female | $(\%)$ | 56 | 48 | 60 | 54 | 80 | 40 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Male | $(\%)$ | 44 | 52 | 40 | 46 | 20 | 60 |

Age:

| Under 25 years | (\%) | 69 | 92 | 69 | 60 | 36 | 89 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 25 Years and | $(\%)$ | 31 | 8 | 31 | 40 | 64 | 11 |

Geographic
Origin

| Colorado | $(\%)$ | 90 | 55 | 82 | 76 | 15 | 70 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Outside | $(\%)$ | 10 | 45 | 18 | 24 | 85 | 30 |
| Colorado |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Race/Ethnicity

$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Asian-American } & (\%) & 2 & 6 & 6 & 11 & 15 & 1\end{array}$

| Black | $(\%)$ | 3 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hispanic | $(\%)$ | 26 | 5 | 9 | 11 | 8 | 4 |
| Native |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American | $(\%)$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| White | $(\%)$ | 60 | 81 | 77 | 63 | 66 | 92 |
| Other (c.) | $(\%)$ | 7 | 6 | 4 | 9 | 5 | 0 |

Credit Hour
Load
12 or More

| Credit Hours | (\%) | 83 | 93 | 73 | 61 | 96 | 92 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Less than 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Credit Hours | $(\%)$ | 17 | 7 | 27 | 39 | 4 | 8 |

## Students Living in College/University Housing

| Undergraduates | $(\%)$ | 18 | 26 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 41 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| First-time, first- <br> year | $(\%)$ | 19 | 95 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 98 |

## Retention Rate:

(d)
(\%)
$61 \quad 84$
65
67 n/a
55
Graduation
Rates--
After Four

| Years (e) | $(\%)$ | 12 | 35 | 11 | 15 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| After Five |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

a. Enrollment does not include students enrolled exclusively through the Extended Studies Program.
b. Headcount based on students with baccalaureate degree who subsequently are seeking teacher certification at the undergraduate level.
c. "Other" includes students for whom no racial/ethnicity was reported as well as non-resident aliens. Resident aliens are reported in the appropriate racial/ethnic category along with U.S. citizens.
d. Retention rate based on students who: were first-time to college in summer/fall 1998, enrolled full-time at least for their first fall term, were classified as degree-seeking and then reenrolled at the same institution one year after entry.
e. Graduation rate based on students who: were first-time to college in summer/fall 1995 (for the four-year rate), 1994 (for the five-year rate), or 1993 (for the six-year rate), enrolled full-time at least for their first fall term, were classified as degree-seeking, and then completed a baccalaureate degree at the same institution in the specified number of years after entry. The rate does not include those students who continued their education by transferring to another institution.

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

## Undergraduate Class Size at Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities Fall 1999



| $40-49$ | 9 | 11 | 6 | 10 | 9 | 6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $50-99$ | 15 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 13 | 3 |

100 or More $\begin{array}{llllll}2 & <1 & 7 & 1 & <1 & 0\end{array}$

## Crime Data for Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities

| Institution | ASC | CSM | CSU | FLC | MESA | METRO <br> $* *$$\|$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fall 1999 Enrollment | 2,472 | 3,317 | 22,641 | 4,410 | 4,896 | 17,152 |

Three-Year Avg Criminal Offenses Per 1,000 Students Against --

| Person |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Property | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Total |  | 7 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 |

Three-Year Avg Arrests Per 1,000 Students for Violations of --

| Liquor Law | 1 | 8 | 11 | 3 | 12 | 0 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Drug Abuse | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Weapons | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 4 | 10 | 14 | 4 | 14 | 2 |

Institution

Fall 1999 Enrollment

| UNC | USC | UCB | UCCS | $\mathrm{UCD} * * \mid \mathrm{WSC}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11,362 | 4,154 | 26,719 | 6,632 | 11,173 | 2,445 |

Three-Year Avg Criminal Offenses Per 1,000 Students Against --

| Person |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Property | 2 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 9 |  |
| Total | 3 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 10 |  |

Three-Year Avg Arrests Per 1,000 Students for Violations of --

| Liquor Law | 8 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Drug Abuse | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 14 |
| Weapons | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Total | 10 | 4 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 23 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

**Statistics are for the three institutions sharing the Auraria Higher Education Center: Community College of Denver, Metropolitan State College of Denver, and University of Colorado - Denver.
Criminal offenses against a person include murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, forcible sex offenses, nonforcible sex, robbery, and aggravated assault.
Criminal offenses against property include burglary, motor vehicle theft, and arson
Note: Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

## Student Activities Available at Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities

| Instutions | ASC | CSM | CSU | FLC | MESA | METRO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Choral Groups | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Concert band | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| Dance |  |  | * | * | * | * |
| Drama/Theater | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Jazz Band | * |  | * | * | * | * |
| Literary Magazine | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Marching Band | * | * | * | * |  |  |
| Music Ensembles | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Musical Theater | * |  | * |  | * |  |
| Opera |  |  | * |  |  |  |
| Pep Band | * |  | * |  | * |  |
| Radio Station | * |  | * | * | * |  |
| Student Government | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Student Newspaper | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Student-run Film Society |  |  |  |  | * |  |
| Symphony Orchestra |  |  | * |  | * |  |
| Television Station |  |  | * |  |  |  |
| Yearbook |  | * | * |  |  |  |
| Instutions | UNC | USC | UCB | UCCS | UCD | WSC |
| Student Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Choral Groups | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Concert band | * | * | * |  |  | * |

Dance

Drama/Theater
Jazz Band
Literary Magazine

Marching Band
Music Ensembles
Musical Theater

Opera
Pep Band
Radio Station

Student Government
Student Newspaper
Student-run Film Society
Symphony Orchestra
Television Station
Yearbook


## Student Services for Public Four-Year Public Institutions

Institutions


SERVICES

| Academic Advising (faculty) | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Academic Advising (student) | L | L | L | O | O | O | O |
| Academic Advising/Tutoring <br> (professional) | L | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Career Development Services | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Child Care Services | O | L | O | L | L | O | O |
| Computer Labs | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Computer Network Access from | L | O | O | L | O | L | O |
| Residences | I | I | I | I | I | I | I |
| Personal Computer Recommended | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Computer Services | O | O | O | O | L | L | O |
| Computer Technology Training | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Special Services (general) | L | I | O | I | O | O | O |
| Services for the Visually Challenged | O |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services for the Cognitively Challenged | L | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Services for the Aurally Challenged | L | I | O | I | O | O | O |
| Services for the Orally Challenged | L | I | L | I | O | O | L |
| Services for the Wheelchair-dependent | L | L | O | I | O | O | O |


| Health Insurance | O | I | O | O | O | O | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Services | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Off-campus Housing | L | O | L | O | L | O | O |
| On-campus Housing | O | O | O | O | O | L | O |
| Parking | O | O | O | O | L | I | O |
| Student Safety Escorts | O | O | O | L | L | L | O |
| Institutions | UCCS | UCD | \| UCHSC | UNC | \|USC | \|WSC |  |
| SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Academic Advising (faculty) | O | O | L | L | L | L |  |
| Academic Advising (student) | L | L | O | L | L | O |  |
| Academic Advising/Tutoring (professional) | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| Career Development Services | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| Child Care Services | L | O | O | O | O | L |  |
| Computer Labs | O | O | L | O | O | O |  |
| Computer Network Access from Residences | O | L | L | O | L | O |  |
| Personal Computer Recommended | I | I | I | I | I | L |  |
| Computer Services | O | O | O | O | L | O |  |
| Computer Technology Training | O | O | L | L | O | L |  |
| Special Services (general) | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| Services for the Visually Challenged | O | O | O | O | L | O |  |
| Services for the Cognitively Challenged | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| Services for the Aurally Challenged | O | O | O | O | L | O |  |
| Services for the Orally Challenged | L | O | L | L | L | L |  |
| Services for the Wheelchair-dependent | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| Health Insurance | O | O | O | O | L | O |  |
| Health Services | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| Off-campus Housing | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| On-campus Housing | O | L | L | O | O | O |  |
| Parking | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| Student Safety Escorts | L | L | L | L | L | O |  |
| $\mathrm{O}=$ Services offered |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{L}=$ Limited or no services offered <br> I = Contact school for information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Special Study Options at Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities




1. ASC Achieve-High school dual enrollment when admitted
2. Area vocational school provides training in technical skills
3. UG research opportunities; concurrent BA/MA Program; teacher certification program

ROTC Options: $\mathrm{A}=$ Army $\mathrm{N}=$ Navy $\mathrm{AF}=$ Air Force

[^0]
## Contact and location information:

## Links to Colorado Colleges

Key to Four-Year Colleges:<br>ASC - Adams State College<br>CSM - Colorado School of Mines<br>CSU - Colorado State University<br>FLC - Fort Lewis College<br>MESA - Mesa State College<br>METRO - Metropolitan State College of Denver<br>UCB - University of Colorado at Boulder<br>UCCS - University of Colorado at Colorado Springs<br>UCD - University of Colorado at Denver<br>UNC - University of Northern Colorado<br>USC - University of Southern Colorado<br>WSC - Western State College<br>Key to Two-Year Colleges:<br>AIMS - Aims Community College<br>ACC - Arapahoe Community College<br>CCA - Community College of Aurora<br>CCD - Community College of Denver<br>CMC - Colorado Mountain College<br>CNCC - Colorado Northwestern Community College<br>FRCC - Front Range Community College<br>LCC - Lamar Community College<br>MCC - Morgan Community College<br>NJC - Northeastern Junior College<br>OJC - Otero Junior College<br>PPCC - Pikes Peak Community College<br>PCC - Pueblo Community College<br>RRCC - Red Rocks Community College<br>TSJC - Trinidad State Junior College

## Contact Information Four-Year Institutions:

Adams State College (ASC)
Alamosa, CO 81102
Admissions: (719) 587-7011
Registrar: (719) 492-6970
ascadmit@adams.edu
www.adams.edu

Colorado School of Mines (CSM)
1500 Illinois
Golden, CO 80401
(303) 273-3000

Admissions: (303) 273-3220
Registrar: (303) 273-3200
www.mines.edu

Colorado State University (CSU)
200 West Lake St.
Fort Collins, CO 80523
(970) 491-1101

Admissions: (970) 491-6909
Registrar: (970) 491-4860
admissions@colostate.edu
www.colostate.edu

Fort Lewis College (FLC)
1000 Rim Drive
Durango, CO 81301-3999
Admissions: (970) 247-7010
Registrar: (970) 247-7350
www.fortlewis.edu

Mesa State College (MESA)
P.O. Box 2647

Grand Junction, CO 81502
(970) 248-1020

Admissions: (970) 248-1875
Registrar: (970) 248-1458
admissions@mesastate.edu
www.mesastate.edu

Metropolitan State College
of Denver (METRO)
Campus Box 16, P.O. Box 173362
Denver, CO 8034\%7-3362
Admissions: (303) 556-3058
Registrar: (303) 556-3991
www.mscd.edu

University of Colorado at Boulder (UCB)
Campus Box 30
Boulder, CO 80309
Admissions: (303) 492-1411
Registrar: (303) 492-6970
apply@colorado.edu
www.colorado.edu

University of Colorado at
Colorado Springs (UCCS)
P.O. Box 7150

Colorado Springs, CO 80933
(719) 262-3000, (800) 990-8227

Admissions: (719) 262-3383
Registrar: (719) 262-3380
admrec@mail.uccs.edu
www.uccs.edu

University of Colorado at Denver (UCD)
P.O. Box 173364, Campus Box 167

Denver, CO 8034\%7-3364
(303) 556-2400

Admissions: (303) 556-2704
Registrar: (303) 556-2389
www.cudenver.edu

University of Colorado Health
Sciences Center (UCHSC)
420 East 9th Avenue
Denver, CO 80262
(303) 372-0000

Admissions: 315-7676
Registrar: (303) 315-7676
www.uchsc.edu

University of Northern Colorado (UNC)
501 20th Street
Greeley, CO 80639
(970) 351-1890

Admissions: (970) 351-2881
Registrar: (970) 351-2231
margaret.spitzer@unco.edu
www.univnorthco.edu

University of Southern Colorado (USC)
2200 North Bonforte Boulevard
Pueblo, CO 81001-4901
(719) 549-34\%00, (877) 872-9653

Admissions: (719) 549-2461
Registrar: (719) 549-2261
info@uscolo.edu
www.uscolo.edu

Western State College (WSC)
Admission Office
Gunnison, CO 81231
Admissions: (970) 943-34\%19
(800) 876-5309

Registrar: (970) 943-2047
discover@western.edu
www.western.edu

## Contact Information Two-Year Institutions:

Aims Community College (AIMS)<br>P.O. Box 69<br>Greeley, CO 80632<br>(970) 330-8008<br>Admissions: Ext. 6616<br>Registrar: Ext. 6404<br>ssmith@aims.edu<br>www.aims.edu<br>Arapahoe Community College (ACC)<br>2500 West College Avenue<br>P.O. Box 9002<br>Littleton, CO 80160-9002<br>(303) 794-1550<br>Admissions: (303) 794-5634\%<br>Registrar: (303) 794-5634\%<br>jpapst@arapahoe.edu<br>www.arapahoe.edu<br>Colorado Mountain College (CMC)<br>Central Administration<br>831 Grand Avenue<br>Glenwood Springs, CO 81602<br>(970) 945-8691<br>Admissions: (970) 947-8327<br>Registrar: (970) 947-8331

joinus@coloradomtn.edu
www.coloradomtn.edu
Colorado Northwestern Community College (CNCC)
500 Kennedy Drive
Rangely, CO 81648
(800) 562-1105

Admissions: (970) 675-334\%8
Registrar: (970) 675-334\%7
cjones@cncc.cc.co.us
www.encc.cc.co.us

Community College of Aurora (CCA)
16000 East Centretech Parkway
Aurora, CO 80011-9036
Admissions: (303) 360-4700
Registrar: (303) 360-4700
amy.nellis@.cca.cccoes.edu
www.cca.cccoes.edu
Community College of Denver (CCD)
1111 West Colfax Avenue
Denver, CO 8034\%7-3363
(303) 556-2600

Admissions: (303) 556-2430
Registrar: (303) 556-2430
www.ccd.rightchoice.org
Front Range Community College (FRCC)
3645 West 112th Avenue
Westminster, CO 80030
(303) 404-5550

Admissions: (303) 404-5322
Registrar: (303) 5322
Larimer County (970) 226-2500
Admissions: (970) 204-8107
Registrar: (970) 204-8107
www.frcc.cc.co.us
Lamar Community College (LCC)
2401 South Main Street
Lamar, CO 81052
(719) 336-2248, Ext. 140 for Admissions

Admissions: (800) 968-6920
Registrar: Ext. 447
angela.woodward@1cc.cccoes.edu
www.lcc.cccoes.edu

Morgan Community College (MCC)
17800 Road 20
Fort Morgan, CO 80701
(970) 542-3100, (800) 622-034\%6

Admissions: (970) 542-3160
Registrar: (970) 542-3160
kent.bauer@mcc.cccoes.edu
www.mcc.cccoes.edu
Northeastern Junior College (NJC)
100 College Drive
Sterling, CO 80751
(970) 522-6600
barbara.baker@njc.cccoes.edu
www.nejc.cc.co.us
Otero Junior College (OJC)
1802 Colorado Avenue
La Junta, CO 81050
Admissions: (719) 384-6831
Registrar: (719) 384-6831
brad.franz@ojc.cccoes.edu
www.ojc.cccoes.edu

Pikes Peak Community College (PPCC)
5675 South Academy Boulevard
Colorado Springs, CO 80906
(719) 576-7711

Admissions: (719) 540-7113
Registrar: (719) 540-7119
admissions@ppcc.cccoes.edu
www.ppcc.cccoes.edu
Pueblo Community College (PCC)
900 West Orman Avenue
Pueblo CO 81004
(719) 549-3200

Admissions: (719) 549-3015
Registrar: (719) 549-3019
admissions@pcc.cccoes.edu
www.pcc.cccoes.edu
Red Rocks Community College (RRCC)
13300 West 6th Avenue
Lakewood, CO 80228-1255
(303) 988-6160

Admissions: (303) 914-6600
Registrar: (303) 914-6600
janis.eagan@(rrcc.cccoes.edu
www.rrcc.cccoes.edu

Trinidad State Junior College (TSJC)
600 Prospect Street
Trinidad, CO 81082 (719) 846-5011
Admissions: (719) 846-5634\%
Registrar: (719) 846-5634\%
webserver@tsjc.cccoes.edu
www.tsjc.cccoes.edu

COLORADO PUBLIC FOUR-YEAR INSTITUTIONS


## Key to Four-Year Colleges:

ASC - Adams State College
CSM - Colorado School of Mines
$\overline{\text { CSU }}$ - Colorado State University
FLC - Fort Lewis College
MESA - Mesa State College
METRO - Metropolitan State College of Denver
UCB - University of Colorado at Boulder
UCCS - University of Colorado at Colorado Springs
UCD - University of Colorado at Denver
UNC - University of Northern Colorado
USC - University of Southern Colorado
WSC - Western State College

COLORADO PUBLIC TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS


Key to Two-Year Colleges:
AIMS - Aims Community College
ACC - Arapahoe Community College
CMC - Colorado Mountain College
CNCC - Colorado Northwestern Community College
CCA - Community College of Aurora
CCD - Community College of Denver
FRCC - Front Range Community College
LCC - Lamar Community College
MCC - Morgan Community College
NJC - Northeastern Junior College
OJC - Otero Junior College
PPCC - Pikes Peak Community College
PCC - Pueblo Community College
RRCC - Red Rocks Community College
TSJC - Trinidad State Junior College

## Transfer Facts:

## Students Transferring

## Introduction

By Colorado standards, a transfer student is a high school graduate who has enrolled in post-graduation college courses, and who is applying for admission to a second higher education institution. Four-year Colorado public higher education institutions are bound by state law to accept your transfer credits provided you meet certain conditions. Colorado statute C.R.S. 23-1-108(7) pertains to transfer agreements between two-year and four-year institutions and among four-year institutions for arts, science and pre-professional programs. It guarantees that all acceptable course work be transferred from one Colorado public college to another.

## Transferring from a two-year institution to a four-year institution

If you have completed the core curriculum in your two-year school, then the four-year school (other than the Colorado School of Mines) to which you are transferring will accept these credits as a fulfillment of lower division general education requirements. Engineering programs are the exception: they require special general education requirements. If engineering is your focus, apply early for transfer. Contact the school's registrar or admissions office for the complete requirements.

Beyond the core curriculum, you should enroll in classes that qualify for transfer, working toward your particular degree program. You can qualify for transfer in three ways: finishing 30 semester units of transferable college credit (GPA 2.0), finishing 12 semester hours of transferable college credits (GPA 2.5), or completing an associate's degree with a greater-than-C average. This last option guarantees you junior class status in a four-year school. Otherwise, your transcript will be evaluated on a course-by-course basis. The CLEP and Dale Carnegie credit transfer programs DO NOT fulfill the lower general education requirements. Business course transfer has its own mandated course sequence. Contact the school's registrar or admissions office for further information on taking business courses.

A completed Associate of Arts (A.A.) or Associate of Science (A.S.) gives you an advantage over other transferees, since these degrees are streamlined to flow into baccalaureate programs. Credit hours transfer to specific requirements contributing to a major, assuming you have completed such required courses in your two-year institution. In addition, several colleges offer scholarships for transferees with associate's degrees.

For more specific information and assistance, rely on your two-year school's Transfer Center and Counseling Office. To assist in planning, request a transfer evaluation from your prospective four-year institution.

## Transferring from a four-year institution to a four-year institution

The definition of a four-to-four year transfer covers a change of major within a college, as well as a change between one college and another. If you have completed the core curriculum in your initial four-year school, then your transfer school will accept these credits as a fulfillment of lower division general education requirements. CSM is an exception to this rule, as its engineering program calls for alternate requirements. If engineering is your focus, apply early for transfer.

Beyond the core curriculum, you should enroll in classes that qualify for transfer, working toward your particular degree program. You can qualify for transfer by finishing either 30 semester units of transferable college credit (GPA 2.0) or 12 semester hours of transferable college credit (GPA 2.5). The CLEP and Dale Carnegie credit transfer programs DO NOT fulfill the lower general education requirements.

Each four-year college's admissions office has a four-year transfer plan for each major. Business course transfer has its own mandated course sequence.

## Tips: If You Are Thinking about Transferring

1. If you are interested in transferring from one school to another, request a copy of the transfer guidelines for Colorado public institutions from your academic advisor.
2. You will need to provide the transfer institution with an official transcript of courses you have completed previously.
3. Be sure to check with the school you wish to attend so you are clear about which credits will transfer. Additionally, you should be aware that some transfer credits accepted by an institution may or may not count toward an academic department's requirements for graduation.
4. Remember that institutions may require that you earn a minimum grade before the course will be accepted for transfer credit.
5. Credits earned at institutions that are not regionally accredited may or may not be accepted by the transfer institution. The regional accrediting body for Colorado institutions is the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools (NCA), and all twenty-eight public four- and two-year institutions meet the requirements of that organization. A school's catalog will indicate if the institution has NCA approval.
6. Some programs have limits on the number of transfer hours that will be accepted toward the completion of a degree. For example, a school may require that at least half of the coursework must be completed at the transfer institution. Check college catalogs or make an appointment with a transfer evaluator (in the registrar's office) or your academic advisor about possible limitations.
7. Developmental and vocational courses are not intended to earn transfer credit. Credit earned through exams, such as the College Level Examination Program (CLEP) test, may have to be re-evaluated by the transfer institution.

## Colorado employment facts:

## Colorado Labor and High Growth Occupations


#### Abstract

Attending a college or university isn't for everyone and many jobs can be secured with a high school diploma and/or limited on-the-job training. Still, numerous studies document that a completion of an undergraduate certificate or degree has a significant effect on earnings over the course of one's work life. According to a study released by the National Center for Education Statistics in 1998 college graduates earned from 56 to 100 percent more than those who completed only a high school education. In contrast, adults, ages $25-34$ who dropped out of high school earned 30 percent less than their peers who received a high school diploma. You should also keep in mind that, as you enter the world of work in Colorado, you will be competing in one of the most highly educated labor forces in the United States. Nearly $40 \%$ of Colorado's adults who are 25 years of age or older have a baccalaureate degree.

The Colorado high growth occupations table lists many of the occupations in Colorado that are and will continue to be in high demand through 2006, including education/training requirements, annual demand, and average earnings. As you glance through this information from the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment, you will see the relationship of education and earnings.


## Occupation Table

## High Growth Occupations in Colorado 1996-2006 (in order of required education/training/work experience)

| Employment Title | Education/Training <br> Requirements | Annual <br> Growth <br> Rate | Annual <br> Openings | Average <br> Annual <br> Wage |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Physicians | First Professional <br> First Professional | $2.6 \%$ | 362 | $\$ 96,610$ |
| Lawyers | 356 | $\$ 72,820$ |  |  |
| Social Workers, Medical \& Psychiatric | Master's Degree | $4.4 \%$ | 213 | $\$ 33,800$ |
|  | Baccalaureate |  |  |  |
| General Managers \& Top Executives | Degree or Higher <br> Plus Work <br> Experience | $3.4 \%$ | 3,031 | $\$ 65,610$ |
| Engineer, Math, Natural Science | Baccalaureate <br> Degree or Higher | $8.1 \%$ | 808 | $\$ 71,870$ |
| Managers | Plus Work |  |  |  |
| Market/Advertising/Public Relation | Experience <br> Baccalaureate <br> Degree or Higher <br> Plus Work | $5.7 \%$ | 541 | $\$ 58,240$ |
| Managers | Experience |  |  |  |
| Financial Managers | Baccalaureate <br> Degree or Higher <br> Plus Work | $3.4 \%$ | 525 | $\$ 60,370$ |


|  | Experience |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Artists/Commercial Artists | Baccalaureate <br> Degree or Higher <br> Plus Work | 4.9\% | 263 | \$31,700 |
| Management Analysts | Experience <br> Baccalaureate <br> Degree or Higher <br> Plus Work <br> Experience | 4.0\% | 186 | \$52,640 |
| Systems Analysts | Baccalaureate <br> Degree | 13.4\% | 1,280 | \$53,750 |
| Computer Engineers | Baccalaureate Degree | 12.2\% | 1,122 | \$60,260 |
| Computer Programmers | Baccalaureate Degree | 5.4\% | 1,052 | \$51,110 |
| Teachers, Secondary School | Baccalaureate Degree | 2.3\% | 923 | \$34,540 |
| Accountants \& Auditors | Baccalaureate Degree | 2.8\% | 831 | \$41,260 |
| Electrical \& Electronic Engineer | Baccalaureate Degree | 5.1\% | 644 | \$58,540 |
| Teachers, Elementary | Baccalaureate Degree | 1.4\% | 640 | \$34,870 |
| Securities/Financial, Sales | Baccalaureate Degree | 6.9\% | 392 | \$55,690 |
| Teachers, Preschool/Kindergarten | Baccalaureate Degree | 6.5\% | 327 | ** |
| Recreation Workers | Baccalaureate Degree | 3.8\% | 308 | \$20,010 |
| Personnel/Train/labor Relations Specialists | Baccalaureate Degree | 3.4\% | 299 | \$38,960 |
| Designers, Exterior/Interior | Baccalaureate Degree | 4.9\% | 287 | \$28,700 |
| Teachers, Special Education | Baccalaureate Degree | 6.0\% | 257 | \$37,070 |
| Insurance Sales Workers | Baccalaureate Degree | 2.4\% | 248 | \$44,240 |
| Social Workers, Executive Medical, Psychiatric | Baccalaureate Degree | 4.1\% | 246 | \$35,720 |
| Civil Engineers, Including Traffic | Baccalaureate Degree | 3.2\% | 245 | \$51,240 |
| Loan Officers \& Counselors | Baccalaureate Degree | 4.6\% | 235 | \$43,070 |
| Property \& Real Estate Managers | Baccalaureate Degree | 3.3\% | 232 | \$32,690 |
| Residential Counselors | Baccalaureate Degree | 6.5\% | 224 | \$19,670 |
| Computer Support Specialists | Baccalaureate Degree | 9.8\% | 213 | \$37,470 |
| Physical Therapists | Baccalaureate Degree | 8.1\% | 203 | \$48,310 |
| Registered Nurses | Associate Degree | 2.6\% | 1,028 | \$40,270 |
| Electrical \& Electronic Technicians | Associate Degree | 3.0\% | 413 | \$36,640 |


| Teachers Aides, Para-professional | Associate Degree | 4.2\% | 392 | \$16,270 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Secretaries, Executive Legal or Medical | Postsecondary <br> Vocational Training | 0.9\% | 1,083 | \$23,791 |
| Automotive Mechanics | Postsecondary <br> Vocational Training | 3.5\% | 874 | \$31,500 |
| Licensed Practical Nurses | Postsecondary <br> Vocational Training | 2.9\% | 306 | \$26,410 |
| Central Office/PBX Installers/Repair | Postsecondary <br> Vocational Training | 6.4\% | 208 | \$39,530 |
| Marketing/Sales Supervisors | Experience in Related Occupation | 3.0\% | 1,960 | \$33,540 |
| Clerical Supervisors | Experience in <br> Related Occupation | 3.7\% | 1,688 | \$32,280 |
| Food Service \& Lodging Managers | Experience in <br> Related Occupation | 4.7\% | 976 | \$28,630 |
| Salespersons, Retail | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 3.0\% | 4,875 | \$18,710 |
| Waiters \& Waitresses | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 2.7\% | 3,244 | \$12,250 |
| Cashiers | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 3.4\% | 3,000 | \$16,640 |
| Combination Food Prep/Service Workers | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 2.9\% | 2,368 | \$13,420 |
| General Office Clerks | Short-Term On-the- <br> Job Training | 2.0\% | 2,289 | \$20,770 |
| Reception/Information Clerks | Short-Term On-the- <br> Job Training | 4.7\% | 1,376 | \$18,230 |
| Truck Drivers, Light | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 3.9\% | 1,282 | \$21,360 |
| Child Care Workers | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 5.5\% | 1,195 | \$14,280 |
| Truck Drivers, Heavy | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 3.2\% | 992 | \$31,000 |
| Cooks, Fast Food | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 4.1\% | 649 | \$12,810 |
| Nursing Aides \& Orderlies | Short-Term On-theJob Training | 3.4\% | 604 | \$16,640 |
| Electricians | Long-Term On-the- <br> Job Training | 2.3\% | 461 | \$33,490 |
| Carpenters | Long-Term On-the- <br> Job Training | 1.3\% | 443 | \$30,260 |
| Correction Officers | Long-Term On-theJob Training | 6.0\% | 432 | \$31,330 |
| Police Patrol Officers | Long-Term On-theJob Training | 3.6\% | 286 | \$38,480 |

[^1]
## Online course options:

## Colorado Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities Online From a Distance

## You Have Many Options to Learn Online <br> In 1999, 12,747 students enrolled in online classes in Colorado. About Online Learning

Learning online is just like normal classroom study. But your interaction with the teacher and classmates is via the Internet. Classes are scheduled just like normal classes and have the same academic standards, syllabus, materials, interaction, and assessment. Classes are often smaller than a normal class and involve more interaction. It's just all done online. Besides the Internet, other distance education options include: interactive (site-based) video, videotape, or correspondence.

## Benefits

Take a course not offered near your location. Avoid the commute to campus - save on time, gas, and parking. Fit school around schedule, not your schedule around school. Add an extra class, graduate early.

## Am I ready for Online?

Learning online requires good study and time management skills. Since you manage your own daily work and the class never actually "meets," you miss that face-to-face motivation. But, the interaction is there for you, online. Check out the Web to see if online is for you:
http://www.mscd.edu/metro online/ or
http://www.pierce.ctc.edu
What do I need?
You'll need a computer and modem, or access to these. You'll need an Internet account. You'll need typical software applications like a Web browser and the various office programs like Word. The course catalog will tell you exactly. What's Available?
All of the courses needed for a degree are available for these programs. Many more programs have some of the required courses available online. CU University of Colorado

- B.A. Sociology (UCD)
- MBA (UCD, UCCS)
- MPA (UCD)
- MS Eng. Mgt.(UCD)
- PharmD (HSC)
- MS Nursing (UCHSC, UCCS)
- BS RN (UCCS)
- Nurse Midwifery (UCHSC)
- Nurse Practitioner (UCHSC)
- MS Telecom (UCB)
- ASL Cert. (UCB)

CSU - Colorado State University

- MS Ag. Eng.
- MBA-MS Civil Eng.
- MS Comp. Sci.
- All EE degrees
- MS ME-BS Tech. Ed./Train.
- MEd-and many others

UNC - University of Northern Colorado

- RN/BSN Nursing
- MA Speech Path.
- EdS School Psyc.
- MAs in Special Ed.
- Cert. Gerontology


## METRO - Metropolitan State College

- BS Accounting
- BS Computer \& Info. Systems
- Cert. Multimedia
- Cert. User Support
- Specialist-Cert. Database Analyst

More information? Tuition and fees for the the following schools: CU - University of Colorado

Tuition same for online and on-campus. Extra fee for online $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 0}$ course.
http://www.cuonline.edu/
http://www.colorado.edu/cewww/
http://www.cu.edu/Academics/Dist Learning/
CSU - Colorado State University
Online tuition $\$ \mathbf{2 2 5} /$ credit vs. $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 0 . 3 3}$ on-campus. No online fees.
http://www.csu2learn.colostate.edu/
METRO - Metropolitan State College
Tuition same for online and on-campus. Extra fee for online $\$ \mathbf{2 3} /$ credit.
http://clem.mscd.edu/~options/
UNC - University of Northern Colorado
Online tuition $\mathbf{\$ 8 3 . 9 1} /$ credit vs. $\mathbf{\$ 4 4 . 5 0}$ on-campus. No extra online fees.
http://www.unco.edu
ASC - Adams State College
http://www.adams.edu/exstudies/ext study_online.htm
WSC - Western State College
https://wol.western.edu/cp/home/loginf
Or visit the Web page of other 4-year colleges
(see http://www.state.co.us/cche/2-4years.html).

## Colorado Public Two-Year Colleges Online From a Distance

## About Online Learning

Learning online is just like normal classroom study. But your interaction with the teacher and classmates is via the Internet. Classes are scheduled just like normal classes and have the same academic standards, syllabus, materials, interaction, and assessment. Classes are often smaller than a normal class and involve more interaction. It's just all done online. Besides the Internet, other distance education options include: interactive (site-based) video, videotape, or correspondence.

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Learning online requires good study and time management skills. Since you manage your own daily work and the class never actually "meets," you miss that face-to-face motivation. But, the interaction is there for you, online. Check out the Web to see if online is for you:
http://ecollegelogin.ccconline.org/index.real?action=islearn
What do I need?
You'll need a computer and modem, or access to these. You'll need an Internet account. You'll need typical software applications like a Web browser and the various office programs like Word. The course catalog will tell you exactly.
What's Available?
You can take courses and, in certain instances, all of the courses needed for a degree. AA Degree Programs with all courses fully available online:
General Education, Business, Construction Electrician, Emergency Management and Planning, Occupational Safety and Health (OSHA), Public Administration

## Courses available in academic fields:

Accounting, Art, Astronomy, Biology, Business, Communications, Community Planning and Development, Composition, Criminal Justice, Cultural Anthropology, Economics, Geology History, Law, Literature, Math, Music History, Philosophy, Physics, Political Science, Public Administration, Sociology

## Courses available in occupational fields:

Construction Standards, Emergency Planning, Ethics, Exercise Design and Evaluation, Fire Protection and Analysis, General Industry Standards, Hazard Mitigation, Hazardous Materials, Human Resource Management, Incident Command System, Income Tax, Law Enforcement Operations, Leadership and Influence, Emergency Management, Network Analysis and Design, Nutrition, Physiology, Public Information Officer, Safety Program Planning, Small Business Management, State and Local Government, Technical Writing, and many others.

## More information? Tuition and fees for the the following schools: Community Colleges

Online tuition is $\$ 118 /$ credit-hour vs. $\$ 57.75$ on-campus. All students pay $\$ 9.25$ Registration Fee. Online students exempt from all other fees. There are no additional online fees.
http://www.ccconline.org

## CMC - Colorado Mountain College

Online tuition is $\mathbf{\$ 1 1 8} /$ credit-hour vs. $\$ 57.75$ on-campus. In-district tuition, $\$ 40 /$ credit; in-state, $\$ 66$
http://www.coloradomtn.edu
Or visit the Web page of other 4-year colleges
(see http://www.state.co.us/cche/2-4years.html).

## Two-Year Colleges:

## Institution Profiles (Two-Year Colleges)

| AIMS |  | ACC |  | CMC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Campus Information |  | Campus Information |  | Campus Information |  |
| Aims is a college fo communities of Gre Lupton and Loveland three campus locatio offers programs to m needs of a broad ran students. | the <br> ey, Fort <br> With <br> s, Aims <br> et the <br> e of | Arapahoe Communi main campus is loca Littleton. An outsta training and educatio the Denver Tech Ce new center is in Park | College din ding site is in ter, and a er. | Colorado Mountain offers courses in 13 locations. It is loca valley from the rugg Mountains, west of | llege ferent across a Elk pen. |
| Academic Profile |  | Academic Profile |  | Academic Profile |  |
| Degrees Awarded | 716 | Degrees Awarded | 812 | Degrees Awarded | 501 |
| Associate | 392 | Associate | 497 | Associate | 288 |
| Certificate | 324 | Certificate | 315 | Certificate | 213 |
| Campus Profile |  | Campus Profile |  | Campus Profile |  |
| Tuition \& Fees (2000 | -2001) | Tuition \& Fees (200 | -2001) | Tuition \& Fees (2000 | 2001) |
| Tuition, Resident | \$1,380 | Tuition, Resident | \$1,386 | Tuition, Resident | \$1,512 |
| Room \& Board | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | Room \& Board | n/a | Room \& Board | \$5,320 |
| Mandatory Student Fees | \$72 | Mandatory Student Fees | \$128 | Mandatory Student Fees | \$140 |
| Average cost for 1 year | \$1,452 | Average cost for 1 year | \$1,514 | Average cost for 1 year | \$6,972 |
| Student Profile |  | Student Profile |  | Student Profile |  |
| Enrollment |  | Enrollment |  | Enrollment |  |
| (Fall 1999) | 7,193 ${ }^{1}$ | (Fall 1999) | 7,491 ${ }^{1}$ | (Fall 1999) | 6,481 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Undergraduate | 100\% | Undergraduate | 100\% | Undergraduate | 100\% |
| Geographic Origin |  | Geographic Origin |  | Geographic Origin |  |
| In-state | 95\% | In-state | 95\% | In-state | 52\% |
| Out-of-state | 5\% | Out-of-state | 5\% | Out-of-state | 48\% |
| Gender |  | Gender |  | Gender |  |
| Female | 56\% | Female | 58\% | Female | 54\% |
| Male | 44\% | Male | 41\% | Male | 46\% |
| Age |  | Age |  | Age |  |
| Younger than 25 | 41\% | Younger than 25 | 44\% | Younger than 25 | 43\% |
| 25 years and older | 59\% | 25 years and older | 56\% | 25 years and older | 57\% |
| Ethnicity |  | Ethnicity |  | Ethnicity |  |
| Asian-American | 1\% | Asian-American | 3\% | Asian-American | 1\% |
| Black | 1\% | Black | 2\% | Black | 1\% |
| Hispanic | 19\% | Hispanic | 7\% | Hispanic | 9\% |
| Native American | 1\% | Native American | 1\% | Native American | 1\% |
| Other | 2\% | Other | 9\% | Other | 12\% |

White
75\% White
78\% White
76\%


| Campus Profile |  | Campus Profile |  | Campus Profile |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tuition \& Fees (2000-2001) |  | Tuition \& Fees (2000-2001) |  | Tuition \& Fees (2000-2001) |  |
| Tuition, Resident | \$1,386 | Tuition, Resident | \$1,386 | Tuition, Resident | \$1,386 |
| Room \& Board | \$4,356 | Room \& Board | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | Room \& Board | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Mandatory Student Fees | \$172 | Mandatory Student Fees | \$85 | Mandatory Student Fees | \$115 |
| Average cost for 1 year | \$5,914 | Average cost for 1 year | \$1,471 | Average cost for 1 year | \$1,501 |
| Student Profile |  | Student Profile |  | Student Profile |  |
| Enrollment |  | Enrollment |  | Enrollment |  |
| (Fall 1999) | 1,557 ${ }^{1}$ | (Fall 1999) | 4,772 ${ }^{1}$ | (Fall 1999) | 6,511 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Undergraduate | 100\% | Undergraduate | 100\% | Undergraduate | 100\% |
| Geographic Origin |  | Geographic Origin |  | Geographic Origin |  |
| In-state | 91\% | In-state | 97\% | In-state | 94\% |
| Out-of-state | 9\% | Out-of-state | 3\% | Out-of-state | 6\% |
| Gender |  | Gender |  | Gender |  |
| Female | 52\% | Female | 59\% | Female | 58\% |
| Male | 48\% | Male | 41\% | Male | 42\% |
| Age |  | Age |  | Age |  |
| Younger than 25 | 46\% | Younger than 25 | 42\% | Younger than 25 | 49\% |
| 25 years and older | 54\% | 25 years and older | 58\% | 25 years and older | 51\% |


| Ethnicity |  | Ethnicity |  | Ethnicity |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Asian-American | $0 \%$ | Asian-American | $6 \%$ | Asian-American |





Finding a Major at Colorado Public Two-Year Colleges and Universities

## Examples of Majors in This Program Cluster That May Be Available**



Arts, Humanities, and Sciences



Examples of Majors in This Program Cluster That May Be Available**


Arts, Humanities, and Sciences

| Liberal Arts \& Sciences | Liberal Arts (Generalist) or <br> Liberal Arts Major with <br> Emphasis in Specific Discipline |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Associate of Arts (A.A.) | A | A | A | A |
|  | Associate of Science (A.S.) | A | A | A | A |
|  | Associate of General Studies (A.G.S) | A | A | A | A |

Vocational and Technical Education


| Agriculture-Related Business and Sciences | Agri-Business, Equipment, Young Farmer, Veterinary Technology, Swine Management, A Meatpacking, Horticulture, Landscaping |  | C, A | C, A | C, A | C, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aviation | Aviation Technology, Transportation \& Logistics |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business Administration | Accounting <br> Business Administration | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C, A } \\ & \text { C, A } \end{aligned}$ | C, A | A | A | C, A |
|  | Business Technology | C, A | C, A | C, A | C, A | C, |
|  | E-Commerce, E-Business | C | C | C | C |  |
|  | Travel \& Tourism, Resort |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Management; Hospitality Management |  | C, A |  |  |  |
| Child Care | Child Care Worker, Director | C, A | C, A |  |  | C, A |
|  | Construction Technology, |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction Trades | Construction Supervisor, Building Trades, Electrician |  | C, A |  |  |  |
| Conservation and Parkland Management | Park Ranger Technology Land Reclamation |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cosmetic Services | Barber, Cosmetology, <br> Manicuring, Massage Therapy | C |  | C | C | C |
| Culinary Arts/ Dietetics | Culinary Arts, Dietetic Technology |  | C, A |  |  |  |
| Design | Design, Graphic Design, Photography, Multimedia Arts, Jewelry Design and Repair Computer-Aided Drafting | C, A | C | C |  |  |
| Drafting | Graphic Technology, Multimedia Arts, Illustration Nursing | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{aC}, \mathrm{~A} \\ \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ | C, A |  | A |  |
|  | Practical Nursing | C | C | C |  | C |
| Health-Related Professions | Nurse Assistant/Health Aide | C | C |  | C | C |
|  | Emergency Medical Training |  | C |  | C | C, A |
|  | Dental Assisting/Hygiene | A | C |  | C |  |
|  | Interpreter Preparation; Educational Interpretation | $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | Medical Office Tech, Health Information Tech | C | C |  | C |  |
|  | Occupational Therapy Asst |  |  |  | A |  |
|  | Ophthalmic Technician |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Pharmacy Technician |  | C |  |  |  |
|  | Physical Therapy Asst |  |  |  | A |  |
|  | Psychiatric Technician | C, A |  |  |  |  |
|  | Radiologic Technology | A |  |  |  |  |
|  | Respiratory Therapy Technician | A | A |  |  |  |
|  | Surgical Technology | C |  |  |  |  |
| Legal Studies | Paralegal, Legal Assistant, Correctional Officer | C, A | C |  |  |  |
| Library | Library Technician |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanics and Repairers (Auto) | Automotive Technology, Auto Mechanics, Technician, Collision |  | C, A |  | C, A | C, A |
|  | Repair |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Machine Technology, Welding, |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal Workers | Machine Shop Assistant, Machinist | C | C, A |  |  |  |


| Mortuary Science | Mortician |  |  |  | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Protective Services | Criminal Justice <br> Law Enforcement | C, A |  |  |  |
|  | Fire Science Technology <br> Recreation Assistant, Fitness <br> Technology | C, A | C, A |  |  |

Examples of Majors in This Program Cluster That May Be Available**


Arts, Humanities, and Sciences

| Liberal Arts \& Sciences | Liberal Arts (Generalist) or <br> Liberal Arts Major with <br> Emphasis in Specific Discipline |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Associate of Arts (A.A.) | A | A | A |  |
|  | Associate of Science (A.S.) | A | A | A | A |
|  | Associate of General Studies (A.G.S) | A | A | A | A |

Vocational and Technical Education

| Computer Systems | Computer Systems, Information Systems | C, A | C, A | C, A | C, A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Architectural Tech, Broadcast \& |  |  |  |  |
|  | Production Tech, Design Tech, |  |  |  |  |
| Engineering-Related Technologies | Electronics Tech, Engineering Tech, Refrigeration Tech, | C, A | C, A | C, A | C, A |
|  | Systems Tech, Digital/Computer, OSHA Specialist |  |  |  |  |
| Applied Technology | Applied Technology A | A | A | A | A |
|  | Agri-Business, Equipment, |  |  |  |  |
|  | Young Farmer, Veterinary |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture-Related Business and Sciences | Technology, Swine Management, C Meatpacking, Horticulture, Landscaping | A | C |  | C, A |
| Aviation | Aviation Technology, |  |  | A |  |
|  | Transportation \& Logistics |  |  | A |  |
| Business Administration | Accounting C | C, A | A | C, A | A |
|  | Business Administration A | A | C, A | A | A |
|  | Business Technology C |  | C, A | C, A | C |
|  | E-Commerce, E-Business C | C |  |  |  |
|  | Travel \& Tourism, Resort |  |  |  |  |
|  | Management; Hospitality | C | C, A |  |  |
|  | Management |  |  |  |  |
| Child Care | Child Care Worker, Director C, A | C, A | C, A | C | C, A |
|  | Construction Technology, |  |  |  |  |
| Construction Trades | Construction Supervisor, |  |  | C, A | C,A |
|  | Building Trades, Electrician |  |  |  |  |
| Conservation and Parkland | Park Ranger Technology |  |  | C, A |  |
| Management | Land Reclamation |  |  |  |  |
| Cosmetic Services | Barber, Cosmetology, |  |  |  | C |
|  | Manicuring, Massage Therapy |  |  |  |  |
|  | Culinary Arts, Dietetic | C, A | C, A |  |  |
| Culinary Arts/ Dietetics | Technology |  |  |  |  |



## Student Demographics Colorado Public Two-Year Colleges Fall 1999

| Total Fall 1999 Enrollment (a) |  | \|7,193 | 7,491 | 6,481 | 1,557 | 4,772 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Undergraduate - Degree Seeking |  | 5,774 | 3,791 | 2,224 | 496 | 3,056 |
| Undergraduate - Non Degre | Seeking | 1,419 | 3,700 | 4,257 | 1,061 | 1,716 |
| Undergraduate Students Categorized by -- \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | (\%) | 56 | 58 | 54 | 52 | 59 |
| Male | (\%) | 44 | 41 | 46 | 48 | 41 |
| Age: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25 years | (\%) | 41 | 44 | 43 | 46 | 42 |
| 25 Years and Older | (\%) | 59 | 56 | 57 | 54 | 58 |
| Geographic Origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado | (\%) | 95 | 95 | 52 | 91 | 97 |
| Outside Colorado | (\%) | 5 | 5 | 48 | 9 | 3 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian-American | (\%) | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 6 |
| Black | (\%) | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 16 |
| Hispanic | (\%) | 19 | 7 | 9 | 4 | 9 |
| Native American | (\%) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| White | (\%) | 75 | 78 | 76 | 83 | 63 |
| Other (b) | (\%) | 2 | 9 | 12 | 11 | 5 |
| Credit Hour Load |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 or More Credit Hours | (\%) | 29 | 24 | 20 | 26 | 21 |
| Less than 12 Credit Hours | (\%) | 71 | 76 | 80 | 74 | 79 |
| Students Living in College/University |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First-time, first-year | (\%) | 0 | 0 | 83 | 75 | 0 |
| Retention/Graduation Rate: (c) | (\%) | 43 | 46 | 42 | 47 | 45 |
| Graduation Rate: (d) | (\%) | 18 | 19 | 19 | 23 | 7 |
| Student Headcount | Institution | CCD | FRCC | LCC | MCC | NJC |
| Total Fall 1999 Enrollment (a) |  | \|6,511 | 12,483 | 1,054 | 1,675 | 4,217 |
| Undergraduate - Degree Seeking |  | 4,530 | 9,536 | 536 | 865 | 1,125 |
| Undergraduate - Non Degree Seeking |  | 1,981 | 2,947 | 518 | 810 | 3,092 |
| Undergraduate Students Categorized by -- |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Female | (\%) | 58 | 57 | 55 | 64 | 59 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male | (\%) | 42 | 43 | 45 | 36 | 41 |
| Age: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25 years | (\%) | 49 | 51 | 66 | 54 | 35 |
| 25 Years and Older | (\%) | 51 | 49 | 34 | 46 | 65 |
| Geographic Origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado | (\%) | 94 | 93 | 94 | 99 | 96 |
| Outside Colorado | (\%) | 6 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 4 |
| Race/Ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian-American | (\%) | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Black | (\%) | 13 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Hispanic | (\%) | 29 | 9 | 16 | 13 | 5 |
| Native American | (\%) | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| White | (\%) | 43 | 80 | 78 | 84 | 92 |
| Other (b) | (\%) | 5 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Credit Hour Load |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 or More Credit Hours | (\%) | 27 | 29 | 44 | 20 | 22 |
| Less than 12 Credit Hours | (\%) | 73 | 71 | 56 | 80 | 78 |
| Students Living in College/University Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First-time, first-year | (\%) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 63 |
| Retention/Graduation Rate: (c) | (\%) | 51 | 49 | 52 | 59 | 56 |
| Graduation Rate: (d) | (\%) | 17 | 14 | 24 | 52 | 42 |
| Student Headcount | Institution | OJC | PPCC | PCC | RRCC | TSJC |
| Total Fall 1999 Enrollment (a) |  | \|1,290 | 9,830 | 4,745 | 7,163 | 1,977 |
| Undergraduate - Degree Se | ing | 1,290 | 8,281 | 3,206 | 4,682 | 1,407 |
| Undergraduate - Non Degre | Seeking | 0 | 1,549 | 1,539 | 2,481 | 570 |
| Undergraduate Students Categorized by -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | (\%) | 56 | 53 | 62 | 48 | 58 |
| Male | (\%) | 44 | 47 | 38 | 52 | 42 |
| Age: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 25 years | (\%) | 62 | 45 | 48 | 47 | 43 |
| 25 Years and Older | (\%) | 38 | 55 | 52 | 53 | 57 |
| Geographic Origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado | (\%) | 97 | 79 | 99 | 96 | 84 |
| Outside Colorado | (\%) | 3 | 21 | 1 | 4 | 16 |

Race/Ethnicity

| Asian-American | $(\%)$ | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Black | $(\%)$ | 2 | 12 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Hispanic | $(\%)$ | 32 | 10 | 30 | 9 | 39 |
| Native American | $(\%)$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| White | $(\%)$ | 63 | 67 | 64 | 84 | 56 |
| Other (b) | $(\%)$ | 1 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Credit Hour Load |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 or More Credit Hours <br> Less than 12 Credit Hours | $(\%)$ | 56 | 30 | 35 | 26 | 47 |
| (\%) | 44 | 70 | 65 | 74 | 53 |  |
| Students Living in College/University Housing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First-time, first-year | $(\%)$ | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 |
| Retention/Graduation Rate: (c) | $(\%)$ | 61 | 43 | 57 | 48 | 55 |
| Graduation Rate: (d) | $(\%)$ | 37 | 9 | 14 | 16 | 40 |

a. Enrollment does not include students enrolled exclusively through the Extended Studies Program.
b. "Other" includes students for whom no racial/ethnicity was reported as well as non-resident aliens. Resident aliens are reported in the appropriate racial/ethnic category along with U.S. citizens.
c. Retention/graduation rate based on students who: were first-time to college in summer/fall 1998, enrolled full-time at least for their first term, were classified as degree-seeking and then either reenrolled at the sameinstitution or had completed a certificate within one year after entry.
d. Graduation rate based on students who: were first-time to college in summer/fall 1996, enrolled full-time at least for their first term, classified as degree-seeking, and then completed either a certificate or associate degree at the same institution within three years after entry. The rate does not include students who continued their education by transferring to another institution.

Note: Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

## Undergraduate Class Size at Public Two-Year Colleges Fall 1999

Institution


Total Undergraduate Class Sections

```
1,543 1,423 429 484 509 856 1,690 192
```

| Percent of Class Sections with |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Undergraduate Enrollment of -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 10 | 57 | 37 | 28 | 15 | 22 | 38 | 25 | 49 |
| 10-19 | 31 | 41 | 48 | 56 | 50 | 31 | 35 | 35 |
| 20-29 | 10 | 17 | 20 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 34 | 14 |
| 30-39 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 2 |
| 40-49 |  | <1 | 0 | 0 | $<1$ | $<1$ | 1 | 0 |
| 50-99 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ |
| 100 or More | 0 | $<1$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $<1$ | 0 |
| Institution | \| MCC | NJC | \|OJC | \| PPCC | \|PCC | \|RRCC | \|TSJC |  |
| Total Undergraduate Class Sections | 271 | 725 | 306 | 1,847 | 952 | 1,019 | 467 |  |
| Percent of Class Sections with Undergraduate Enrollment of -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 10 | 65 | 43 | 43 | 38 | 39 | 28 | 61 |  |
| 10-19 | 27 | 37 | 30 | 39 | 40 | 39 | 30 |  |
| 20-29 | 5 | 14 | 19 | 21 | 18 | 26 | 7 |  |
| 30-39 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 1 |  |
| 40-49 | 0 | $<1$ | 2 | 0 | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ |  |
| 50-99 | $<1$ | 2 | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ | 0 |  |
| 100 or More | 0 | 0 | 0 | $<1$ | 0 | $<1$ | 0 |  |

NOTE: Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

## Crime Data Public Two-Year Public Colleges

Institution

Fall 1999 Enrollment

$|7,193 \quad 7,491 \quad 6,481 \quad 1,557 \quad 4,772 \quad 6,511 \quad 12,4831,054|$

Three-Year Avg Criminal Offenses
Per 1,000 Students Against --

| Person | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

Three-Year Avg Arrests Per 1,000
Students for Violations of --

| Liquor Law | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Drug | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Abuse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Institution

Fall 1999 Enrollment


|  | 1,675 | 4,217 | 1,290 | 9,830 | 4,745 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7,163 | $1,977 \mid$ |  |  |  |  |

Three-Year Avg Criminal Offenses
Per 1,000 Students Against --

| Person | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Property | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Total | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

Three-Year Avg Arrests Per 1,000
Students for Violations of --

| Liquor Law | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Drug | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Abuse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons | 0 | 1 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |

**Statistics are for the three institutions sharing the Auraria Higher Education Center: Community College of Denver, Metropolitan State College of Denver, and University of Colorado - Denver.
Criminal offenses against a person include murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, forcible sex offenses, nonforcible sex, robbery, and aggravated assault.
Criminal offenses against property include burglary, motor vehicle theft, and arson.
Note: Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

## Student Activities Available at Colorado Public Two-Year Colleges

Institutions


Student Activities


## Student Services for Public Two-Year Public Institutions

| Instutions | AIMS | ACC | CMC | CNCC | CCA | CCD | FRCC | LCC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Academic Advising (faculty) | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | O |
| Academic Advising (student) | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| Academic Advising/Tutoring (professional) | O | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Career Development Services | O | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Child Care Services | I | O | L | L | L | O | O | L |
| Computer Labs | O | O | L | L | L | O | O | O |
| Computer Network Access from Residences | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| Personal Computer Recommended | L | L | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| Computer Services | O | L | L | L | L | L | O | I |
| Computer Technology Training | O | O | O | O | O | O | O | L |
| Special Services (general) | O | O | O | O | O | O | O | L |
| Services for the Visually Challenged | O | O | O | I I | I | O | O | L |
| Services for the Cognitively Challenged | O | O | O | O | O | O | I | L |
| Services for the Aurally Challenged | O | O | O | I I | I | O | O | L |
| Services for the Orally Challenged | I | L | I | I | I | O | I | L |
| Services for the Wheelchairdependent | I | I | I | I | O | O | I | L |
| Health Insurance | I | L | L | L | L | O | L | L |
| Health Services | I | L | L | L | L | O | L | O |
| Off-campus Housing | O | O | O | O | O | L | L | O |
| On-campus Housing | L | L | O | O | L | L | L | O |
| Parking | I | O | L | L | L | O | O | O |
| Student Safety Escorts | L | O | L | L | L | O | L | L |
| Instutions | MCC | NJC | OJC | $\mid$ PPCC $\mid$ | PCC | \|RRCC | \|TSJC |  |
| SERVICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Academic Advising (faculty) | O | O | L | L | O | O | O |  |
| Academic Advising (student) | L | L | L | L | O | L | O |  |
| Academic Advising/Tutoring (professional) | L | O | O | O | O | O | O |  |
| Career Development Services | O | O | L | O | O | O | O |  |
| Child Care Services | L | L | O | L | O | O | O |  |
| Computer Labs | O | O | L | O | O | O | O |  |
| Computer Network Access from | L | I | L | L | L | O | O |  |


| Residences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Personal Computer Recommended | O | L | L | L | L | L | L |
| Computer Services | L | O | L | O | O | O | O |
| Computer Technology Training | O | L | L | L | O | O | O |
| Special Services (general) | O | O | O | O | O | O | O |
| Services for the Visually Challenged | O | I | O | O | O | O | I |
| Services for the Cognitively | O | I | O | O | O | O | I |
| Challenged | O | I | O | O | L | O | I |
| Services for the Aurally Challenged | O | I |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services for the Orally Challenged | O | I | L | O | L | L | I |
| Services for the Wheelchair- | O | I | O | O | O | O | I |
| dependent | L | O | L | O | O | O | L |
| Health Insurance | L | O | L | L | O | L | L |
| Health Services | O | O | O | L | O | L | O |
| Off-campus Housing | L | O | O | L | L | L | O |
| On-campus Housing | L | L | L | O | O | L | L |
| Parking | L | L | L | L | O | O | O |
| Student Safety Escorts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| O = Services offered | L Limited or no services offered |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I = Contact school for infromation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Special Study Options at Colorado Public

 Two-Year CollegesInstitution


Special Study Options
Accelerated Program
Cooperative Education
Cross-Registration
Distance Learning
Double Major
Dual Enrollment

English as a Second Language
Exchange Student Program
(domestic)
External Degree Program
Honors Program
Independent Study
Internships



ROTC Options: $\mathrm{A}=$ Army $\mathrm{N}=$ Navy $\mathrm{AF}=$ Air Force


[^0]:    a. Air Force Program offered through UCB
    b. Army and Air Force Program offered through CSU
    c. Army and Air Force Program offered through UCB

[^1]:    **No wage data available

